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Preliminary list of Lebanese spiders and other arachnids (except ticks and mites)

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Abstract

Six orders of class Arachnida were recorded from Lebanon; in addition to Acari (ticks and mites are outside the scope of this work). They are: Araneae (38 Families, 109 genera, 165 species), Scorpiones (2 Families, 10 genera, 12 species), Pseudoscorpiones (7 Families, 8 genera, 10 species), Opiliones (3 Families, 8 genera, 10 species), Solifugae (1 Family, 1 genus, 2 species), and Palpigradi (1 Family, 1 genus, 2 species). The total is: 52 Families, 137 genera, 201 species. Each order section includes recorded taxa with their localities, list of species, keys to scorpion species and families of spiders and pseudoscorpions.

Keywords: Arachnida, Araneae, Scorpiones, Pseudoscorpiones, Opiliones, Solifugae, Palpigradi, Lebanon.

Introduction

Lebanon (10,452 km²), the home of the Phoenicians (c.1550–539 BC), the Switzerland of the East, attracted so many tourists and its capital, Beirut, was referred to as "the Paris of the Middle East". Lebanon has a moderate Mediterranean climate. In coastal areas, winters are generally cool and rainy whilst summers are hot and humid. In more elevated areas, temperatures usually drop below freezing during the winter with heavy snow cover that remains until early summer on the higher mountaintops. Although most of Lebanon receives a relatively large amount of rainfall, when measured annually in comparison to its arid surroundings, certain areas in north-eastern Lebanon receive little because of rain shadow created by the high peaks of the western mountain range. In ancient times, Lebanon was covered by large forests of cedar trees, the national emblem of the country. The forests cover 13.4% of the Lebanese land area (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanon).

Some of the tourists attracted to Lebanon collected arachnids. The available publications dealt with their specimens were consulted to prepare this preliminary list of

Lebanese spiders and other arachnids. Six orders of class Arachnida are recorded from Lebanon; in addition to Acari (ticks and mites are outside the scope of this work). Orders Amblypygi, Schizomida, Uropygi, and Ricinulei are not recorded yet, although a species of Amblypygi is recorded from adjacent and surrounding countries (El-Hennawy, 2002).

The six recorded arachnid orders are: Araneae, Scorpiones, Pseudoscorpiones, Opiliones, Solifugae, and Palpigradi. The numbers of recorded taxa are as follows:

Order	Families	Genera	Species
Araneae	38	109	165
Scorpiones	2	10	12
Pseudoscorpiones	7	8	10
Opiliones	3	8	10
Solifugae	1	1	2
Palpigradi	1	1	2
Total	52	137	201

Each order is dealt with in a separate section that includes recorded taxa with their localities, list of species, keys to scorpion species and families of spiders and pseudoscorpions. All the references are collected together. The authorship and date of publication of both Savigny and Audouin (1825) are according to El-Hennawy (2000).

The abbreviations used for collections mentioned in the text are:

HECO, HEC = Hope Entomological Collections, Oxford, U.K.

IRSNB = Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles, Brussel, Belgium

IZPAN = Instytut Zoologii, Polska Akademia Nauk, Warsaw, Poland

MIZST = Museo ed Istituto di Zoologia Sistematicn, Torino, Italy (MIZST: material of Festa defined by Pavesi).

MNHN, MNHP = Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris, France

NHM = Museum of Natural History, London, U.K.

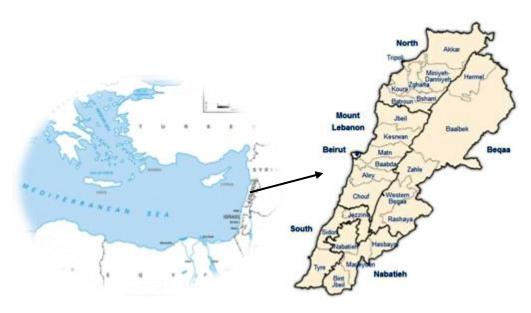
NMB = Naturhistorisches Museum Basel, Switzerland

NHMW, NMV, NMW = Naturhistorisches Museum Wien, Vienna, Austria

SMF = Senckenberg Forschungsinstitut und Naturmuseum, Frankfurt am Main, Germany

ZISP = Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, St. Petersburg, Russia

ZMB = Zoologisches Museum, Humboldt Universität, Berlin, Germany



Map of Lebanon and its districts.

I. Spiders of Lebanon

Ten years ago, David Penney described *Palaeomicromenneus lebanensis* gen. et sp. nov. (Araneae: Deinopidae) from Upper Neocomian-basal Lower Aptian (ca. 125–135 Ma) Cretaceous amber from the Hammana/Mdeyrij outcrop, Lebanon. This is the oldest known, and possibly the first true fossil, deinopid (Penney, 2003).

In the same year, Samuel Zschokke (2003) described the oldest spider silk in the world dates from the Early Cretaceous Period, more than 120 million years ago (about 127–132 Myr). The specimen was collected in 1969 from amber beds located near Jezzine in Lebanon and deposited in Staatliches Museum für Naturkunde in Stuttgart, Germany.

The extant spiders are poorly studied in Lebanon. The history of the previous studies is reviewed below:

The Reverend Octavius Pickard-Cambridge (1828-1917) visited Lebanon in May 1865 after a long visit to Palestine and Syria. His journey was on horseback "during a two-months' ride through the Holy Land, between the 16th of March and the 18th of May 1865" and his route began from Jaffa (Palestine), to Jerusalem, everywhere in Palestine, the plains of the Jordan, the adjacent part of Syria, then "from Banias by Hasbeiya and Rasheiya over the skirts of Mount Hermon to Damascus, from Damascus by the river Abana, Abila, Suk Wady Barada, and Surghaya to Baalbec and the Lebanon, and so to Beirut". He added: "I regretted much not being able to work the Lebanon district more thoroughly than the mere ride through some portion of it enabled me to do; just at the time of my visit to that part (middle of May) insect life was becoming abundant, and I do not doubt that among the Araneidea the number of species in the families *Theridiides* and Epeïrides (some groups of both which families are but scantily represented in my collection) might have been greatly added to; the time and money, however, allotted to my eastern trip had come to an end; and I took leave of those most interesting regions with the greater regret" (Cambridge, 1872: 212-215). In spite of this, Pickard-Cambridge recorded 79 species of spiders of 28 families from Lebanon; 41 of them were described as new species and still bearing his name as an author. The majority of recorded species belong to: Salticidae (16), Gnaphosidae (8), Linyphiidae (7), Lycosidae (7), Theridiidae (5), Araneidae (4), and Zodariidae (4) (Cambridge, 1872). Also, he had interesting notes written in his diaries like this one: "May 18. (At Beyrout.) 'An old gentleman at dinner told the old story about a scorpion stinging itself to death when surrounded by a fire, but with this variation, that he put his scorpion under a tumbler, and hot coals all round outside. I don't believe a word of it, unless it was that the coals were so close to the tumbler that the scorpion was baked when there would be no necessity to sting itself to death. I ought to have tried it myself while in this country, but I detest such experiments.'" (Cambridge, 1918: 28). The work of Octavius Pickard-Cambridge (1872) is the first and the most important work on the spiders of Lebanon.

Eugène Simon (1873) described five species collected from Lebanon by the French entomologist M. Charles Piochard de la Brûlerie. Two of them were *Avicularia tetramera* and the new species *Avicularia striatocauda* which became synonyms of the theraphosid *Chaetopelma olivaceum*. The other three species were described as new species of Gnaphosidae and Agelenidae, transferred to other genera but still valid. They are: *Habronestes islamita & H. libani* (now in genus *Pax*) and *Tegenaria maronita* (now in genus *Malthonica*). Later, Simon described other spiders collected from Lebanon by De Brûlerie; the endemic liocranid species *Mesiotelus libanicus* (Simon, 1878a) and two new *Dysdera* species, one of them is still endemic, i.e. *D. dentichelis* (Simon, 1882).

Simon (1884), in his study of arachnids collected by M. l'abbé A. David from Smyrna,

Beirout and Akbès in 1883, described 31 species of 16 families (according to current classification) from Beirout: 7 Gnaphosidae, 4 Salticidae, 3 Agelenidae, 3 Lycosidae, 2 Segestriidae, 2 Zodariidae, and one species of each of Dysderidae, Miturgidae, Oxyopidae, Pholcidae, Selenopidae, Sicariidae, Sparassidae, Theraphosidae, Thomisidae, and Zoropsidae.

Pavesi (1895) studied arachnids collected by Dr. E. Festa from Palestine, Lebanon and adjacent regions and reported one agelenid and two araneids from Lebanon.

Kulczyński (1911) studied arachnids collected from Syria by Rev. P. Bovier-Lapierre and Palestine by Rev. E. Schmitz. From Lebanon, he recorded two species of Agelenidae, one of them as new species: *Maimuna bovierlapierrei*; the endemic species *Anyphaena syriaca* (Anyphaenidae); and one species of each of Linyphiidae, Salticidae, Thomisidae, Zodariidae, and Zoropsidae.

The French scientist Henri Gadeau de Kerville (1858-1940) visited Lebanon in 1908 and collected spiders and harvestmen with other animals and plants. His collection of spiders was listed in a paper published after 18 years (Kerville, 1926).

Jacques Denis (1955) described the spiders collected by the French entomologist Henri Coiffait (1907-1989) from Lebanon (1951). He described five endemic species; *Devade libanica* (Dictynidae), *Harpactea rugichelis* (Dysderidae), *Cataleptoneta edentula* (Leptonetidae), *Lepthyphantes speculae* and *L. vividus* (Linyphiidae) with other species which situations were discussed by Brignoli (1979) and Levy (1987).

Paolo Marcello Brignoli (1942-1986) published five important papers on Lebanese spiders: I. on the oonopid *Opopaea punctata* (Brignoli, 1975).

II. on *Holocnemus pluchei* with the decription of the endemic *Pholcus maronita* as new species (Pholcidae) (Brignoli, 1977).

III. Notes on spiders of three families from Lebanon (Brignoli, 1978a): 1. Agelenidae: *Maimuna bovierlapierrei, Malthonica maronita, M. pagana*, and the endemic *Coelotes caudatus* with the description of *Tegenaria michae* as new endemic species named after his Lebanese wife, Micha. 2. Oxyopidae: *Oxyopes lineatus*. 3. Pisauridae: *Pisaura mirabilis*.

IV. on *Harpactea rugichelis* with the decription of *Dasumia sancticedri* as new species, both are endemic dysderids from Lebanon (Brignoli, 1978b).

V. on Hoplopholcus subterraneus of pholcidae again (Brignoli, 1979).

De Blauwe (1973, 1980a, 1980b) recorded, in her studies of Mediterranean species, four agelenid species from Lebanon, one of them as new species; the endemic *Coelotes caudatus*.

Farkad Zaouk Assi, the first Lebanese araneologist, (1980 & 1982a) studied the biogeography, ecology and biology of *Agelena affinis* Kulczyński, 1911. Assi (1982b) studied *Opopaea punctata* (Oonopidae) of Lebanon. In 1986, Assi identified 20 species of Thomisidae and Philodromidae from five stations on the eastern and western slopes of Mont Lebanon. She recorded most of those species for the first time from Lebanon.

Gershom Levy (1977-2007) studied the spiders of the "Fauna Palaestina" and surrounding countries, including Lebanon in 19 papers and 2 books. His studies included species of families: Agelenidae, Anyphaenidae, Araneidae, Ctenidae, Cybaeidae, Gnaphosidae, Philodromidae, Pisauridae, Sparassidae, Theridiidae, Thomisidae, Zodariidae, Zoridae, and Zoropsidae. His works included many species from Lebanon.

Norman Platnick (1981) recorded the palpimanid *Palpimanus simoni* from Lebanon. In his catalog, he recorded the gnaphosid *Nomisia excerpta* and the salticid *Leptorchestes sikorskii* from Lebanon (Platnick, 2013).

Deeleman-Reinhold (1988) described the new species *Dysdera simoni* from Lebanon and recorded both *Dysdera dentichelis* and *D. spinicrus* too.

Gasparo (2003) described five species of genus *Dysdera* from Lebanon: *D. cristata*, *D. spinicrus*, *D. westringi*, *D. maronita*, and *D. vignai*. The two last species were described as new species to science.

Thaler *et al.* (2006) discussed the situation of *Zoropsis libanica* named but not described by Simon (1884). The species was later described by Levy (2007) as *Zoropsis thaleri*.

Bolzern et al. (2010, 2013) examined agelenid spiders from Lebanon and recorded Eratigena atrica, and three Tegenaria species.

Order Araneae Clerck, 1757

Family Agelenidae C.L. Koch, 1837

Genus Agelena Walckenaer, 1805

∂♀ Agelena labyrinthica (Clerck, 1757)

Agelena labyrinthica Cl., variété orientalis C. Koch - Simon, 1884: 86, Beirut.

∂♀ Agelena orientalis C.L. Koch, 1837

Agelena syriaca Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 273, on the Lebanon and at Beirut. Agelena orientalis C.L. Koch, 1841 - Levy, 1996: 87, Lebanon: Beirut (O.P. Cambridge, 1872: 273, δ syriaca, not 2 = afinis; HECO, B.421, t. 10; Simon, 1884: 186; Pavesi, 1895: 6, 3 = afinis; syriaca, also from Bukefeija, according to De Blauwe, 1980b: 18; Kerville, 1926: 68, from Brumana, Beit Meri).

Genus Agelescape Levy, 1996

∂♀ Agelescape affinis (Kulczyński, 1911)

Agelena affinis - de Blauwe, 1980b: 4, 5, Beyrouth (Liban).

Agelescape affinis (Kulczyński, 1911) comb. n. - Levy, 1996: 90, 91, Agelena affinis Kulczyński, 1911: 45, pl.2, fig. 53 \Im ; Syntypes, 4 \Im from Beirut, Lebanon (IZPAN).

3 Agelescape livida (Simon, 1875)

Agelescape livida (Simon, 1875) comb. n. - Levy, 1996: 89, 90, probably in Lebanon. The biological studies of Assi (1980, 1982) in Lebanon probably refer to *livida* since affinis, seemingly, is confined to habitats of river banks, near running water.

? Agelescape gideoni Levy, 1996: 91, 92, presumably in Lebanon.

Genus Coelotes Blackwall, 1841

♀ *Coelotes caudatus* de Blauwe, 1973

Only in Lebanon

Coelotes caudatus n.sp. - de Blauwe, 1973: 31, f. 29, $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\hookrightarrow}$ holotype + $3 \stackrel{\frown}{\hookrightarrow} \stackrel{\frown}{\hookrightarrow}$ paratypes from Lebanon, without precise locality, in E. Simon's collection, MNHN t. 1.097.

p.34. "Répartition géographique. – Liban (malheureusement, l'endroit précis de capture n'a pas été mentionné)."

Coelotes caudatus de Blauwe, 1973 - Brignoli, 1978a: 207, Bcharré - Col des Cèdres, 2300-2600 m, 31.V./3.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$. - Cèdres de Bcharré, 1950 m, 3/5.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., $3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$. Metn - Baskinta, 1400m, 22.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., $1 \circlearrowleft$.

Genus *Eratigena* Bolzern, Burckhardt & Hänggi, 2013

 $\mathcal{A} \supseteq Eratigena \ atrica \ (C.L. Koch, 1843)$

Eratigena atrica (C.L. Koch, 1843) - Bolzern *et al.*, 2013: 749, Lebanon 1♀; p.760 "Additionally, there was a specimen from Lebanon in the collection at SMF, unfortunately with insufficient locality information written on the related label."

Genus Lycosoides Lucas, 1846

∂♀ *Lycosoides coarctata* (Dufour, 1831)

Textrix coarctata - de Blauwe, 1980a: 17, Liban.

Genus *Maimuna* Lehtinen, 1967

∂♀ *Maimuna bovierlapierrei* (Kulczyński, 1911)

Maimuna bovierlapierrei (Kulczyński, 1911) - Brignoli, 1978a: 207, Chouf - Beit ed Din, 900 m, 29/30.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 4 Jazzine - Jazzine, 950m, 29.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1 .

Textrix b. de Blauwe, 1980a: 3, f. 1-3 ($\Diamond \Diamond$), 4. *Textrix bovierlapierrei* Berytum, Liban. *Textrix libanica* de Blauwe, 1980a: 51, Ain Zhalta, Liban.

Maimuna bovierlapierrei (Kulczyński, 1911) - Levy, 1996: 114, *Textrix bovierlapierrei* Kulczyński, 1911: 41, pl.1, figs 49 and 50, pl.2, fig. 52, $\Diamond \Diamond$; syntypes $\partial +2 \Diamond \Diamond$ from Lebanon: Beirut, *leg.* Rev. P. Bovier-Lapierre (IZPAN). *Textrix libanica* De Blauwe, 1980a: 49, figs 75 and 76, \Diamond ; holotype \Diamond from Lebanon: Ain Zhalta, *leg. G.* Fagel (IRSNB).

? Maimuna meronis Levy, 1996: 114, probably in Lebanon.

Genus Malthonica Simon, 1898

A♀ *Malthonica maronita* (Simon, 1873)

Tegenaria maronita Simon, 1873: 141 (D \circlearrowleft).

Tegenaria annulipes O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 275 (D \lozenge ; preoccupied by Lucas, 1844) - Cambridge, 1872: 275, Tegenaria annulipes, sp.nov., in crevices of rocks on the sides of the Lebanon range.

Tegenaria maronita sp.nov. - Simon, 1873: 142. Cette Tegenaria a été trouvée dans le Liban par M. Ch. de la Brûlerie.

Tegenaria annulipes Cambridge, 1872 - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut.

Tegenaria maronita Simon, 1873 - Brignoli, 1978a: 207, Bcharré - Cèdres de Bcharré, 1950m, 3/5.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., $1 \circlearrowleft$. Baalbeck - Ainata, 1500m, 31.V./5.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., $1 \circlearrowleft$, $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$. "Liban/Syria", Ch. de la Brulerie leg., $1 \circlearrowleft$, $1 \hookrightarrow$ (types; Coll. Simon, Mus. Paris $4 \circlearrowleft \hookrightarrow$; with label annulipes = maronita). Comments: this species is probably the commonest Lebanese Tegenaria; I found it under stones in the famous cedar grove of Bcharré and in crevices of rocks in open ground at Ainata.

Tegenaria maronita Simon, 1873 - Levy, 1996: 100, *Tegenaria annulipes*. O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 275; type, adult ♀ from Lebanon (HECO, B. 456, t. 5). *Tegenaria maronita*. Simon, 1873: 141; type adult ♂ from Lebanon, *leg*. Ch. de Brulerie (MNHN, B. 469). Synonymized with *annulipes* by Simon, 1884: 186.

∂♀ *Malthonica pagana* (C.L. Koch, 1840)

Tegenaria pagana C.L. Koch, 1841 - Brignoli, 1978a: 207, "Syria", Ch. de la Brulerie leg., 1♂, 1♀ (Coll. Simon 478, part of the type series of *T. concolor;* labeled *pagana* by Mrs R. de Blauwe). Comments: I agree with Mrs de Blauwe that these specimens belong to this common Mediterranean species (described from Greece, Nauplia) which has often been misidentified.

Tegenaria pagana C.L. Koch, 1841 - Levy, 1996: 96, 97, *Comments*. There are, however, records by Kerville (1926: 68) from Lebanon (Cedar groves near Bcherre).

Genus Tegenaria Latreille, 1804

∂♀ Tegenaria dalmatica Kulczyński, 1906

Malthonica dalmatica (Kulczyński, 1906) - Bolzern *et al.*, 2010: 172, Lebanon: Mount Lebanon, NMB: AB 577.

Tegenaria dalmatica (Kulczyński, 1906) - Bolzern et al., 2013: 795, Lebanon 1∂, 1♀.

∂♀ *Tegenaria domestica* (Clerck, 1757)

Tegenaria domestica (Clerck, 1758) - Bolzern et al., 2013: 796, Lebanon 1 .

♀ *Tegenaria michae* Brignoli, 1978

Only in Lebanon

Tegenaria michae n.sp. - Brignoli, 1978a: 208, f. 9, Bcharré - Cèdres de Bcharré, 1950 m, 3/5.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., 399 (19, dissected, holotype, the other two paratypes; in my collection). *Derivatio nominis*. This species is named after my Lebanese wife, Micha, as an acknowledgement for her constant help in my work.

∂♀ *Tegenaria parietina* (Fourcroy, 1785)

Tegenaria parietina Frc. - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut.

Tegenaria parietina (Fourcroy, 1785) - Levy, 1996: 104, Comments. Tegenaria parietina was previously recorded from Lebanon, Beirut, by Simon (1884: 186).

Tegenaria parietina (Fourcroy, 1785) - Bolzern *et al.*, 2013: 807, Lebanon 5♀.

Family Anyphaenidae Bertkau, 1878

Genus Anyphaena Sundevall, 1833

∂♀ *Anyphaena syriaca* Kulczyński, 1911

Only in Lebanon

Anyphaena syriaca Kulczyński, 1911 - Levy, 2003: 3, Kulczyński's ♂ and ♀ types from Beirut, Lebanon.

Family **Araneidae** Clerck, 1757

Genus Cyrtophora Simon, 1864

A ♀ Cyrtophora citricola (Forsskål, 1775)

Epeira opuntiae Duf. - Cambridge, 1872: 280, 301, found in abundance among the prickly pears at Beirut.

Levy, 1985a: 106, O.P.-Cambridge (1872: 280) found *Argyrodes syriaca* in Lebanon on webs of *Cyrtophora* (Araneidae).

Genus *Hypsosinga* Ausserer, 1871

∂♀ *Hypsosinga albovittata* (Westring, 1851)

Hypsosinga albovittata (Westring, 1851) - Levy, 1984: 127, 129, The only previous record of *H. albovittata* from the Middle East was that by Pavesi (1895, p. 7) of a specimen taken in July by E. Festa in Bakefaya, near Beirut, Lebanon (MIZST, 12, AR. 594).

Genus Leviellus Wunderlich, 2004

∂♀ *Leviellus inconveniens* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Epeira inconveniens sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 298, found on low-growing plants at Beirut.

Zygiella inconveniens (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Levy, 1987: 247, Epeira inconveniens O.P.-Cambridge, 1872, 298; types, adult \mathcal{L} and 1 immature from Beirut, Lebanon (HECO, B.1072, t.18). "The only Zygiella ever reported from the entire Middle East is Z. inconveniens known thus far solely by the female from Lebanon".

Genus *Lipocrea* Thorell, 1878

∂♀ *Lipocrea epeiroides* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lipocrea epeiroides (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872), new combination - Levy, 1986: 7-8, Pavesi's (1895: 8) record from Beirut, Lebanon unfortunately is worthless since his determination combined *L. chloris* with *L. epeiroides;* this Lebanese specimen was the only araneid out of E. Festa's material from our region (determined by Pavesi) that could not be located.

Genus Mangora O.P.-Cambridge, 1889

∂♀ *Mangora acalypha* (Walckenaer, 1802)

Mangora acalypha (Walckenaer, 1802) - Levy, 1987: 252, Lebanon (near Beirut; Kerville 1926, 66).

Genus Neoscona Simon, 1864

A♀ *Neoscona subfusca* (C.L. Koch, 1837)

Epeira perplicata sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 301, found on low-growing plants in geometric snares at Beirut.

Genus Singa C.L. Koch, 1836

\Im Singa lucina (Savigny, 1825)

Singa lucina (Audouin, 1827) - Levy, 1984: 122, Comments. It is recorded herein for the first time from Lebanon (NMV, $2 \stackrel{\frown}{\hookrightarrow}$, Beirut, Ribbe 1880).

Singa lucina (Audouin, 1825) - Levy, 1991: 232, Lebanon.

Family Cithaeronidae Simon, 1893

Geus Cithaeron O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

∂♀ *Cithaeron praedonius* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Cithaeron praedonium sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 273, under a stone on the Lebanon, and at Hasbeiya.

Cithaeron praedonius - Platnick, 1991: 6, "both specimens* are actually penultimate females rather than adults" [* Cambridge's specimens from Lebanon.]

Family Corinnidae Karsch, 1880

Genus Phrurolithus C.L. Koch, 1839

♀ *Phrurolithus flavipes* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Only in Lebanon

Phrurolithus flavipes sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 252 (Plate XVI, fig.35) at Hasbeiya, under stones, on an old wall, and another in a similar situation on Mount Lebanon.

Family Cybaeidae Banks, 1892

Genus Cedicus Simon, 1875

Cedicus flavipes Simon, 1875 - Levy, 1996: 118, 120, Cedicus flavipes Simon, 1875: 48, p1.5, fig. 15, $\lozenge \circlearrowleft$; syntypes, $\lozenge \dotplus + 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$ from Syria of Ottoman period (MNHN, B.1936, t.431, t.491). p.120 Lebanon (Kerville, 1926: 68, Brumana).

? Paracedicus baram Levy, 2007: 8-10, Figs. 16–22. Probably occurs in Lebanon.

Family **Dictynidae** O.P.-Cambridge, 1871

Genus Devade Simon, 1884

♀ *Devade libanica* (Denis, 1955)

Only in Lebanon

Pseudauximus libanicus - Denis, 1955: 452, f. VI (D♀).

Genus Dictyna Sundevall, 1833

∂♀ *Dictyna arundinacea* (Linnaeus, 1758)

Dictyna benigna Bl. - Cambridge, 1872: 261, on low plants on the Lebanon.

Family **Dysderidae** C.L. Koch, 1837

Genus Dasumia Thorell, 1875

∂ Dasumia sancticedri Brignoli, 1978

Only in Lebanon

Dasumia sancticedri - Brignoli, 1978b: 174, f. 1-2 (D♂).

Genus *Dysdera* Latreille, 1804

A Dysdera cristata Deeleman-Reinhold, 1988

Dysdera cristata - Gasparo, 2003: 230, Lebanon.

∂♀ Dysdera dentichelis Simon, 1882

Only in Lebanon

Dysdera dentichelis - Simon, 1882: 208, Liban (Ch. De Brûlerie).

Dysdera dentichelis - Deeleman-Reinhold & Deeleman, 1988: 218, Matériel étudié. Liban: 1 ♂, 1♀, holotype et paratype "Syrie, Ch. De Brûlerie" (MNHP, Coll. Simon 1.159).

∂♀ *Dysdera westringi* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Dysdera kollari Doblika - Simon, 1884: 190, Antoura near Beirut ?? doubtful identification *Dysdera westringi* Cambr.

Dysdera westringi - Gasparo, 2003a: 220, *D. westringi* O. Pickard-Cambridge (together with a single male specimen dubiously attributed to this species).

∂♀ *Dysdera maronita* Gasparo, 2003

Only in Lebanon

Dysdera maronita - Gasparo, 2003: 225, Lebanon.

∂♀ *Dysdera simoni* Deeleman-Reinhold, 1988

Dysdera simoni - Deeleman-Reinhold, in Deeleman-Reinhold & Deeleman, 1988: 208, Matériel étudié. Liban: Beyrouth, 2 ♂, 3 ♀. "crocota", 1886, Leuttmer (NMW 223).

∂♀ *Dysdera spinicrus* Simon, 1882

Dysdera spinicrus - Simon, 1882: 209, 209 Liban, (Ch. De Brûlerie).

Dysdera spinicrus - Deeleman-Reinhold & Deeleman, 1988: 206, Liban.

Dysdera spinicrus - Gasparo, 2003: 213, Lebanon.

d Dysdera vignai Gasparo, 2003

Only in Lebanon

Dysdera vignai - Gasparo, 2003: 209, Lebanon.

Genus *Harpactea* Bristowe, 1939

Harpactea straba Denis, 1955a: 440 (j, Lebanon) - Brignoli, 1978b: 174. Nomen dubium.

♀ *Harpactea rugichelis* Denis, 1955

Only in Lebanon

Harpactea rugichelis - Denis, 1955: 440. *Harpactea rugichelis* - Brignoli, 1978b: 174.

Family Filistatidae Ausserer, 1867

Genus Filistata Latreille, 1810

Filistata hirsuta sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 218, under a stone on the skirts of the Lebanon.

Filistata hirsuta O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 217 (j, Lebanon) - Brignoli, 1982a: 70. Nomen dubium.

Family Gnaphosidae Pocock, 1898

Genus Drassodes Westring, 1851

∂♀ *Drassodes lapidosus* (Walckenaer, 1802)

Drassus lapidosus - Simon, 1884: 187, Beirut and Antoura.

∂♀ *Drassodes unicolor* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Drassus unicolor sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 241 (Plate XV, fig.18), under a stone on the Lebanon.

Drassodes unicolor Cambridge, 1872 - Levy, 2004: 8, 10, Drassodes unicolor Cambridge, 1872: 240, pl. 15, fig. 18; \bigcirc type from Lebanon (HECO, cannot be traced). 10 \bigcirc from Beirut, Lebanon, (NMV, No. 12706, leg. Leuthner, 1886).

Drassodes unicolor (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 81, Lebanon.

Genus Gnaphosa Latreille, 1804

∂♀ *Gnaphosa dolosa* Herman, 1879

Gnaphosa barroisi - Levy, 1995: 977, *Gnaphosa barroisi* Simon, 1892: 81; ♀ from Lebanon, near Lake Yamoune (MNHN, B.644, Ar.2991) E. Simon det. (Kerville, 1926: 26).

∂♀ *Gnaphosa rufula* (L. Koch, 1866)

Gnaphosa? rufula - Levy, 1995: 977, 978, Lebanon (no precise locality; specimen collected in 1934 along trip in the north). 1 adult female from northern Lebanon (July).

Genus Leptodrassex Murphy, 2007

∂♀ *Leptodrassex simoni* (Dalmas, 1919)

Leptodrassus simoni - Levy, 1999b: 446, Only Lebanon, no locality of the male genitalia drawn from Lebanon.

Genus Leptopilos Levy, 2009

∂♀ *Leptopilos tenerrimus* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Drassus tenerrimus sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 233 (Plate XV, fig.10), under a stone at Hasbeiya.

Genus Micaria Westring, 1851

∂♀ *Micaria pallipes* (Lucas, 1846)

Micaria septempunctata sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 250 (Plate XVI, fig.32), under stones on an old wall at Hasbeiya and on the Lebanon, near Ain-Ata.

Genus Nomisia Dalmas, 1921

3 Nomisia aussereri (L. Koch, 1872)

Nomisia aussereri - Grimm, 1985: 85, Libanon, 1 (SMF RII/11800). Nomisia aussereri - Levy, 1995: 929, 931, Grimm, 1985: 84, figs. 81-83; 3 from Lebanon (no precise locality; SMF 33838, 33849, Grimm det.).

∂♀ *Nomisia excerpta* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Gnaphosa excerpta - O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 226, found under a stone at Nazareth. *Nomisia excerpta* - Platnick, 2013: ..., Lebanon.

∂♀ *Nomisia ripariensis* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Pythonissa ripariensis Cambr. - Simon, 1884: 187, Beirut (one specimen). Nomisia ripariensis - Levy, 1995: 931, 933, Lebanon (Beirut).

Genus *Pterotricha* Kulczyński, 1903

∂♀ *Pterotricha kochi* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Gnaphosa kochii sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 230 (Plate XV, fig.6), beneath a stone near Ain Ata, under the Lebanon range.

Pterotricha kochii - Levy, 1995: 969, Pterotricha kochii Cambridge, 1872: 229, pl. 15, fig. 6; ♂ holotype from Lebanon, Ain Ata, cannot be traced (♂ in HECO, B.277, t.31, incompatible with data; mislabeled; presumably appertains to species in the southern fauna). Pterotricha kochi Dalmas, 1921: 252, figs. 2, 16 ♀; ♂♂ and ♀ from Lebanon, Ba'albeck, and Syria, Damascus, Ain Fidje (MNHN, B661, Ar.3131).

∂♀ *Pterotricha lutata* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Gnaphosa lutata sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 229 (Plate XV, fig.7), under a stone near Beirut.

Pythonissa lutata Cambr. - Simon, 1884: 187, Beirut and Antoura (common).

Pterotricha lutata - Levy, 1995: 954, 956, Pterotricha lutata Cambridge, 1872: 228, pl. 15, fig. 7; ♂ holotype from Lebanon, Beirut, cannot be traced in HECO. p.956 Distribution. Lebanon (Beirut, Broumana, Dalmas, 1921: 256). Comments. "Simon's identification of *P. cambridgii* from Broumana, Lebanon (eventually published in Kerville, 1926: 64) was considered by Dalmas (1921: 256) as that of *P. lutata*".

Genus Setaphis Simon, 1893

∂♀ *Setaphis carmeli* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Prosthesima carmeli Cambr. - Simon, 1884: 188 Beirut (one male).

Genus Zelotes Gistel, 1848

3 Zelotes berytensis (Simon, 1884)

Prosthesima berytensis sp.nov. - Simon, 1884: 188-189, Beirut (male sp.nov.).

♀ **Zelotes davidi** (Simon, 1884)

Prosthesima davidi sp.nov. - Simon, 1884: 189, Beirut (female sp.nov.).

? Levy, 1995: 938: *Nomisia palaestina*; 950: *Pterotricha cambridgii*; 951, 954: *Pterotricha levantina*; 965, 967: *Pterotricha parasyriaca*, presumably Lebanon.

Family **Idiopidae** Simon, 1889

Genus Idiops Perty, 1833

A Idiops syriacus O.P.-Cambridge, 1870

Idiops syriacus - Cambridge, 1872: 216, in a bank near Beirut.

Family **Leptonetidae** Simon, 1890

Genus Cataleptoneta Denis, 1955

∂♀ Cataleptoneta edentula Denis, 1955

C. e. Denis, 1955: 442, f. IIA-D ($D\circlearrowleft$).

Only in Lebanon

Family **Linyphiidae** Blackwall, 1859

Genus Agyneta Hull, 1911

∂♀ *Agyneta fuscipalpa* (C.L. Koch, 1836)

Erigone inexpedibilis sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 290, found on a dwarf shrub at Hasbeiya.

∂♀ Agyneta rurestris (C.L. Koch, 1836)

Erigone rurestris Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 289, found at the Lebanon and Beirut.

Agyneta pseudorurestris Wunderlich, 1980 - Tanasevitch, 2013: 102, "It seems quite possible that *Erigone rurestris*, recorded by O.P.-Cambridge (1872) from Jerusalem, the Lebanon and Beirut (sic!), is a misidentified A. pseudorurestris."

Genus Caviphantes Oi, 1960

∂♀ Caviphantes pseudosaxetorum Wunderlich, 1979

Caviphantes pseudosaxetorum Wunderlich, 1979: 87, f. 1-7 ($D_{\circlearrowleft}^{\uparrow}$).

Genus *Erigone* Savigny, 1825

d Erigone dentipalpis syriaca O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Erigone dentipalpis Westr., var. syriaca, Cambr. - Cambridge, 1872: 291, found on the roadway between Hasbeiya and Damascus.

Genus *Frontinellina* van Helsdingen, 1969

∂♀ *Frontinellina frutetorum* (C.L. Koch, 1834)

Linyphia congener sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 294, found among shrubs on the Lebanon.

Genus Lepthyphantes Menge, 1866

△ Lepthyphantes leprosus (Ohlert, 1865)

Linyphia leprosa, Ohl. - Cambridge, 1872: 294, found on the Lebanon.

♀ *Lepthyphantes speculae* Denis, 1959

Only in Lebanon

Lepthyphantes coiffaiti Denis, 1955: 448, f. IVA-C (D\(\text{D}\), preoccupied by Denis, 1953).

d Lepthyphantes vividus Denis, 1955

Only in Lebanon

Lepthyphantes vividus Denis, 1955: 449, f. VA-B (D \circlearrowleft).

Genus *Linyphia* Latreille, 1804

∂♀ *Linyphia mimonti* Simon, 1884

Linyphia pulchra Kulczyński, 1911: 28, pl. 2, f. 27-29 (D♀).

Linyphia mimonti Simon, 1884 - Tanasevitch, 2013: 111, "... known from ... Lebanon."

Linyphia mimonti Simon, 1884 - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 45, Lebanon.

Genus Pelecopsis Simon, 1864

↑ Pelecopsis pavida (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Erigone pavida sp.nov. (Walckenaera, Bl.) - Cambridge, 1872: 293 (Plate XIV,

fig.22), found under a stone at Hasbeiya.

Genus Styloctetor Simon, 1884

3♀ *Styloctetor romanus* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Erigone incauta sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 289, found under a stone on the Lebanon.

Family Liocranidae Simon, 1897

Genus Mesiotelus Simon, 1897

♀ *Mesiotelus libanicus* (Simon, 1878)

Only in Lebanon

Liocranum libanicum - Simon, 1878a: 52, Liban (Ch. de la Brûlerie).

Family Lycosidae Sundevall, 1833

Genus Alopecosa Simon, 1885

∂♀ *Alopecosa pulverulenta* (Clerck, 1757)

Lycosa trucidatoria Walck. - Cambridge, 1872:316, found at Beirut.

Genus Arctosa C.L. Koch, 1847

∂♀ *Arctosa dissonans* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lycosa dissonans sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 317, found in moist places near Beirut.

Genus Aulonia C.L. Koch, 1847

∂♀ Aulonia albimana (Walckenaer, 1805)

Lycosa albimana Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 316, near the Lebanon.

Genus Geolycosa Montgomery, 1904

∂♀ *Geolycosa vultuosa* (C.L. Koch, 1838)

Lycosa infernalis - Simon, 1884: 185, Antoura near Beirut.

Genus *Hogna* Simon, 1885

 $\circlearrowleft \mathsf{P}$ *Hogna radiata* (Latreille, 1817)

Lycosa radiata - Simon, 1884: 185, Beirut.

Genus *Hyaenosa* Caporiacco, 1940

∂♀ *Hyaenosa effera* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lycosa effera sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 319, found at the Lebanon and Beirut.

Genus Lycosa Latreille, 1804

∂♀ *Lycosa piochardi* Simon, 1876

Lycosa piochardi E. Simon, 1876 - Simon, 1884: 184, Beirut and Antoura.

2 Lycosa tarantula (Linnaeus, 1758)

Lycosa (Tarentula) apuliae Walck. - Cambridge, 1872: 316, found at Beirut.

Genus Pardosa C.L. Koch, 1847

∂♀ *Pardosa nigra* (C.L. Koch, 1834)

Lycosa nigra? Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 316, found on the road from Hasbeiya to Damascus.

Genus Wadicosa Zyuzin, 1985

∂♀ *Wadicosa fidelis* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lycosa fidelis sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 320, found at Beirut.

Family Mimetidae Simon, 1881

Genus Mimetus Hentz, 1832

♀ *Mimetus monticola* (Blackwall, 1870)

Ctenophora monticola Bl. - Cambridge, 1872: 287, found in irregular snares among prickly pears at Beirut.

Family Miturgidae Simon, 1886

Genus Cheiracanthium C.L. Koch, 1839

∂♀ Cheiracanthium mildei L. Koch, 1864

Chiracanthium mildei L. Koch - Simon, 1884: 190, Antoura (one male).

∂♀ Cheiracanthium seidlitzi L. Koch, 1864

Cheiracanthium seidlitzii L. Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 255, at Beirut.

Family Oecobiidae Blackwall, 1862

Genus Oecobius Lucas, 1846

∂ *Oecobius affinis* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Only in Lebanon

Oecobius affinis sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 222, on stones and rocks at Hasbeiya. Oecobius affinis - Wunderlich, 1995: 590, f. 1-3. 3 \(\frac{1}{2}\), 4j, HEC b.500, t.1.

∂ Oecobius cambridgei Wunderlich, 1995

Only in Lebanon

Oecobius affinis, sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 222, at the foot of the Lebanon range near Ain Ata.

Oecobius cambridgei - Wunderlich, 1995: 592, f. 13-16 (D \circlearrowleft).

∂♀ *Oecobius teliger* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Oecobius teliger sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 221 (Plate XIII, fig.8), on stones and rocks at Beirut.

Oecobius teliger - Wunderlich, 1995: 599, f. 54-57 (removed ♂♀ from S of O. navus).

Family Oonopidae Simon, 1890

Genus Opopaea Simon, 1891

Oonops punctatus sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 223 (Plate XIV, fig.3a), 224, under a stone on a wall close to Hasbeiya.

Opopaea punctata - Brignoli, 1975: 224, Jezzine, south Lebanon, near Hassbaya, and in the Barouk (Mount Lebanon).

Opopaea punctata - Assi, 1982: 86, "Ksara [1050 m], sur le versant oriental du Mont Liban, au pied de la montagne Sannine (2628 m) donnant sur la plaine intérieure de la Békaa centrale."

Family **Oxyopidae** Thorell, 1870

Genus Oxyopes Latreille, 1804

3 Oxyopes lineatus Latreille, 1806

Oxyopes gentilis (Koch) - Cambridge, 1872: 314, found near Beirut.

Oxyopes lineatus Latreille, 1806 - Brignoli, 1978a: 207, Chouf - Beit ed Din, 900 m, 29.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1?. - Kfarhim, 200 m, 27.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1?. - Bcharré - Bcharré, 1000-1100 m, 4.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1?. - Hassroun, 1500 m, 2.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., 3??

Genus Peucetia Thorell, 1869

∂♀ *Peucetia virescens* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Peucetia virescens Cambr. - Simon, 1884: 183, Antoura near Beirut.

Family **Palpimanidae** Thorell, 1870

Genus Palpimanus Dufour, 1820

∂♀ *Palpimanus simoni* Kulczyński, 1909 - Platnick, 1981: 173, (four male syntypes from Syria and Palestine, in MNHN) ... Known ... from Lebanon.

Family **Philodromidae** Thorell, 1870

Genus Philodromus Walckenaer, 1826

∂♀ *Philodromus aureolus* (Clerck, 1757)

Philodromus aureolus (Clerck, 1757) - Assi, 1986: 45, Hadath-Beyrouth and Ksara.

A♀ *Philodromus glaucinus* Simon, 1870

Philodromus glaucinus Simon, 1870 - Assi, 1986: 45, Ksara.

Philodromus medius sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 311, found running on the ground, as well as on low shrubs and plants at Beirut.

Philodromus pulchellus Lucas, 1846 - Levy, 1877: 198-200, examined types described by Cambridge 1872 as *P. medius* from Palestine and Lebanon.

∂♀ *Philodromus pulchellus* Lucas, 1846

Philodromus pulchellus Lucas, 1846 - Assi, 1986: 45, Ksara.

Genus Thanatus C.L. Koch, 1837

∂♀ *Thanatus fabricii* (Audouin, 1825)

Thanatus fabricii (Audouin, 1825) - Assi, 1986: 45, Daouha on the Lebanese coast south of Beirut, in the mountains and in the Bekaa (Ksara, Qaa-er-Rim, Terbol, Makne).

∂♀ *Thanatus vulgaris* Simon, 1870

Thanatus vulgaris Simon, 1870 - Assi, 1986: 45, Terbol and in different stations of Nahr Ibrahim.

Family **Pholcidae** C.L. Koch, 1850

Genus Holocnemus Simon, 1873

∂♀ *Holocnemus pluchei* (Scopoli, 1763)

Pholcus rivulatus Savigny - Cambridge, 1872: 277, among ruins and in old buildings at Beirut.

Holocnemus rivulatus Forsk. - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut.

Holocnemus pluchei (Scopoli, 1763) - Brignoli, 1977: 31, Bcharré – Col des Cèdres, m 2300, 31.V./3.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1♀. - Kesrouane – Bqaatouta, m 1200, 22.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1♂, 2♀♀, 1°. - Chouf – Deir el Kamar, m 900, 27/30.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1♂. - Note. It is reported before from Beirut, Brumana e Beit-Meri (O. Pickard Cambridge, 1872 e Kerville, 1926).

Genus Hoplopholcus Kulczyński, 1908

∂♀ *Hoplopholcus cecconii* Kulczyński, 1908

Hoplopholcus subterraneus - Brignoli, 1979: 350, Material examined: $2 \, \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 3 \, \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft (1 \, \text{lacking the abdomen})$, 1 juv. from Lebanon, grotte de Djezzine (coll. Denis AR 2035-2036) and 1 male palpus apparently from Lebanon, grotte de Antelias (found in the tube AR 1704 in which was the type of *Harpactea straba* Denis, 1955, described from this cave). In the original paper (Denis, 1955) the following material was listed: grotte d'Amchita, $2 \, \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft (\text{"holotypes"}, \text{sic !})$, $2 \, \text{juv.}$, grotte de Jezzine (= Djezzine), $3 \, \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft (\text{"allotypes"}, \text{sic !})$; doubtful were the records of 6 juv. from the caves of Touaite and Ghita.

Genus Pholcus Walckenaer, 1805

♀ *Pholcus maronita* Brignoli, 1977

Only in Lebanon

Pholcus maronita n.sp. - Brignoli, 1977: 31, Bcharré − Hassroun, m 1500, 2.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., $2 \stackrel{\frown}{\hookrightarrow}$ (Holo- e paratypus).

Family Pisauridae Simon, 1890

Genus Pisaura Simon, 1885

∂♀ *Pisaura consocia* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Dolomedes consocius sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 321, found on low-growing plants at the foot of the Lebanon near Ain-Ata.

Pisaura consocia Levy, 1999a: 58, f. 31A-B, 32A-B (♂♀). NOT SEEN

∂♀ *Pisaura mirabilis* (Clerck, 1757)

Pisaura mirabilis (Clerck, 1757) - Brignoli, 1978a: 206, Aley - El Mderej, 1300-1500 m, 23.V.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1 - Bcharré - Hassroun, 1500m, 2.VI.72, P. Brignoli leg., 1 - 1 .

♀ *Pisaura orientalis* Kulczyński, 1913

Pisaura orientalis Kulczyński, 1913 - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 63, Lebanon.

Family **Prodidomidae** Simon, 1884

Genus Prodidomus Hentz, 1847

 \bigcirc **Prodidomus amaranthinus** (Lucas, 1846)

Miltia diversa sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 219, under a stone at Hasbeiya.

Family Salticidae Blackwall, 1841

Genus Aelurillus Simon, 1884

Aelurillus candidus (Simon, 1868) Nomen dubium.

Salticus candidus Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 322, an immature female at Beirut.

$\Diamond \bigcirc$ *Aelurillus aeruginosus* (Simon, 1871)

Salticus arenicolor Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 322, on the road from Damascus to Beirut.

Aelurillus cognatus (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Only in Lebanon

Salticus cognatus sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 337, found among stones and rocks and dwarf plants near Ain-Ata, on the skirts of the Lebanon.

Genus Bianor Peckham & Peckham, 1886

∂♀ *Bianor albobimaculatus* (Lucas, 1846)

Salticus putus O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 326 (Dm).

Salticus putus sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 326, found on short herbage among stones at Rasheiya, on the skirts of Mount Hermon.

Genus Cyrba Simon, 1876

∂♀ *Cyrba algerina* (Lucas, 1846)

Cyrba algerina Lucas, 1842 - Simon, 1884: 182, Beirut, Antoura near Beirut.

Genus Euophrys C.L. Koch, 1834

d Euophrys semirufa Simon, 1884

Only in Lebanon

Evophrys semirufa sp.nov. - Simon, 1884: 182-183, Beirut (one male).

Genus *Habrocestum* Simon, 1876

∂♀ *Habrocestum latifasciatum* (Simon, 1868)

Salticus latifasciatus Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 322 (Plate XIV, fig.18), on stone walls and rocks, at Hasbeiya and Beirut.

Genus Hasarius Simon, 1871

∂♀ *Hasarius adansoni* (Audouin, 1825)

Plexippus (Sav.). Salticus adansonii Sav. - Cambridge, 1872: 324, found in the Hotel d'Orient at Beirut.

Hasarius adansoni Aud. in Sav., 1827 - Simon, 1884: 182, Beirut.

Genus Heliophanus C.L. Koch, 1833

∂♀ *Heliophanus edentulus* Simon, 1871

Salticus heliophanoides sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 328, found on the road from the Lebanon to Beirut.

∂♀ *Heliophanus mordax* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Heliophanus mordax Kulczyński, 1911: 53, pl. 2, f. 68-70 (\lozenge , not \lozenge , =H. ensifer).

Genus *Leptorchestes* Thorell, 1870

∂♀ Leptorchestes sikorskii Prószyński, 2000

Leptorchestes sikorskii Prószyński, 2000: 246, f. 57-61 (D♂♀).

Leptorchestes sikorskii - Platnick, 2013: ..., Lebanon.

Genus Macaroeris Wunderlich, 1992

∂♀ *Macaroeris nidicolens* (Walckenaer, 1802)

Salticus castaneus Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 321, found at Beirut.

Genus Pellenes Simon, 1876

A ♀ *Pellenes arciger* (Walckenaer, 1837)

Salticus semiater Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 323, at Hasbeiya.

∂♀ *Pellenes epularis* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Salticus epularis sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 329, found among stones on a bare and wild spot near Hasbeiya.

\mathcal{F} Pellenes geniculatus (Simon, 1868)

Salticus simonii sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 330, found among stones on the skirts of the Lebanon, near Ain-Ata.

♂ Pellenes laevigatus (Simon, 1868)

Salticus laevigatus Sim. - Cambridge, 1872: 322, on the skirts of the Lebanon. *Pellenes laevigatus* (Simon, 1868) - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 112, Lebanon.

♀ *Pellenes levaillanti* (Lucas, 1846)

Salticus vaillantii Luc. - Cambridge, 1872: 323, on a prickly pear at Beirut.

Genus *Philaeus* Thorell, 1869

 \circlearrowleft *Philaeus chrysops* (Poda, 1761)

Salticus haemorrhoicus Koch - Cambridge, 1872: 321, found near Ain-Ata, on the skirts of the Lebanon.

Philaeus chrysops Poda, 1761 - Simon, 1884: 182, Beirut.

Genus Plexippoides Prószyn'ski, 1984

∂♀ *Plexippoides flavescens* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Salticus flavescens sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 344, found on the skirts of the Lebanon near Ain-Ata.

Genus Plexippus C.L. Koch, 1846

∂♀ *Plexippus devorans* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Salticus devorans sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 328, found at Rasheiya.

Family Segestriidae Simon, 1893

Genus Ariadna Savigny, 1825

∂♀ Ariadna insidiatrix Savigny, 1825

Ariadne insidiatrix Savigny - Cambridge, 1872: 223, in crevices of a bank near Beirut. *Ariadne insidiatrix* Aud. in Sav., 1827 - Simon, 1884: 191, Beirut.

Genus Segestria Latreille, 1804

♀ Segestria davidi Simon, 1884

Segestria davidi sp.nov. - Simon, 1884: 190, Beirut.

Segestria florentina (Rossi, 1790)

Segestria florentina - Simon, 1884: 191, Beirut.

Family **Selenopidae** Simon, 1897

Genus Selenops Latreille, 1819

3 Selenops radiatus Latreille, 1819

Selenops aegyptiaca - Simon, 1884: 185, Beirut.

Family Sicariidae Keyserling, 1880

Genus Loxosceles Heineken & Lowe, 1832

 $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ Loxosceles rufescens (Dufour, 1820)

Loxosceles rufescens L. Duf., 1820 - Simon, 1884: 191, Beirut.

Family **Sparassidae** Bertkau, 1872

Genus Eusparassus Simon, 1903

∂♀ Eusparassus walckenaeri (Audouin, 1825)

Sparassus walckenaerius Aud. in Sav., 1827 - Simon, 1884: 185, Beirut, Antoura.

Sparassus walckenaeri (Audouin, 1827) - Levy, 1989: 135, ..., Lebanon (Kerville, 1926). Eusparassus walckenaeri (Audouin, 1825) - Moradmand & Jäger, 2012: 2454, Lebanon: 1♀, Amioun, 1944, H.B. Cott leg., (NHM 1950.3.30.124).

Genus *Heteropoda* Latreille, 1804

∂♀ *Heteropoda variegata* (Simon, 1874)

Heteropoda variegata (Simon, 1874) - Levy, 1989: 171-173, Heteropoda variegata, male from Lebanon (Beirut). "Simon, 1880b; 271, description of adults, possibly from Beirut, Lebanon." Note: Description below is of a male from Beirut, Lebanon (NMV).

Genus Micrommata Latreille, 1804

∂♀ *Micrommata virescens ornata* (Walckenaer, 1802)

Sparassus ornatus Walck. - Cambridge, 1872: 312, found at Beirut.

? Levy, 1989: 155-159, *Cebrennus kochi* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872), p.158, probably Lebanon. *Cebrennus kochi* may occur in Syria and Lebanon ... but no collecting sites in these countries have been published.

Levy, 1989: 168-169, Micrommata ligurinum (C.L. Koch, 1845), probably Lebanon.

Family Tetragnathidae Menge, 1866

Genus Metellina Chamberlin & Ivie, 1941

∂♀ *Metellina merianae* (Scopoli, 1763)

Epeira antriada Walck. - Cambridge, 1872: 300, found in the Hotel d'Orient at Beirut. *Metellina merianae* (Scopoli, 1763) - Levy, 1987: 255, *Distribution*. ..., Lebanon. *Record*. Lebanon: in the north. *Comments*. The Lebanese record above refers to a female specimen (HUJ 13896) collected during a trip taken in northern Lebanon (19 July 1934), from Tripoli to Hermil and Ba'albek. Unfortunately, precise data on locality, etc., are not available (Mendelssohn, in litt.). The only previous record of *M. merianae* from this region was based on O.P.-Cambridge's misidentification of *antriada*, mentioned above. The erroneous, premature record of *M. merianae* from Lebanon has now been amended.

∂♀ *Metellina segmentata* (Clerck, 1757)

Metellina segmentata (Clerck, 1757) - Levy, 1987: 255, Epeira antriada Wakkenaer. Misdetermination, O.P.-Cambridge 1872, 300; ♀ from Beirut, Lebanon (HECO, B.831, T.15); not *E. antriada = M. merianae. Records.* Lebanon: Beirut (O.P.-Cambridge 1872); Ain Batara (Denis, 1955). Comments. O.P.-Cambridge's specimen was found inside the Hotel d'Orient in Beirut, not an unusual site for members of this genus, as reported from Europe by many authors. The record from Ain Batara (Denis 1955) in northern Lebanon (north of Kartaba) is of specimens taken in a humid, 80 m deep pit at an altitude of 1450 m. O.P.-Cambridge considered his specimen to be an immature female, hence its misdetermination.

Genus *Tetragnatha* Latreille, 1804

∂ Tetragnatha minitabunda O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Tetragnatha minitabunda sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 296, found among plants in a moist place between Hasbeiya and Damascus.

3 Tetragnatha nitens (Savigny, 1825)

Tetragnatha molesta sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 296, found on low plants near Beirut.

Family **Theraphosidae** Thorell, 1869

Genus Chaetopelma Ausserer, 1871

∂♀ *Chaetopelma olivaceum* (C.L. Koch, 1841)

Avicularia tetramera sp.nov. - Simon, 1873: 18, Cette belle espèce, qui est le plus gros Aranéide de la faune méditerranéenne, m'a été rapportée du Liban par M. Ch. de la Brûlerie.

Avicularia striatocauda sp.nov. - Simon, 1873: 21, Cette belle et grande espèce a été découverte dans le Liban par M. Ch. de la Brûlerie; elle vit sous les pierres.

Ischnocolus syriacus - Simon, 1884: 191, Beirut, Antoura.

Family Theridiidae Sundevall, 1833

Genus Euryopis Menge, 1868

Euryopis inscripta (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Nomen dubium

Theridion inscriptum sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 284, found beneath a stone on the Lebanon.

Euryopis inscripta (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 284, ♀, Lebanon, originally in *Theridion*) - Levy & Amitai, 1981a: 178, "*Theridion inscriptum* Cambridge, 1872, p. 284, from the Lebanon, listed commonly as *Euryopis inscripta*, is an immature female of *Dipoena* (HECO, B. 588, t. 18). Being a juvenile of an unrecognisable species, it should be designated *nomen dubium*."

Genus Latrodectus Walckenaer, 1805

A♀ *Latrodectus tredecimguttatus* (Rossi, 1790)

Lathrodectus argus Sav. - Cambridge, 1872: 288, found in their snares among low plants near the earth near Beirut.

Genus *Neospintharus* Exline, 1950

\lozenge *Neospintharus syriacus* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Argyrodes syriaca sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 280 (Plate XIII, fig.10), found in webs of Epeira opuntiae, among the branches of prickly pears, at Beirut.

Argyrodes syriaca - Levy, 1998b: 118, "In Lebanon *A. syriaca* was first described on webs of *Cyrtophora* (Araneidae)."

Genus Nesticodes Archer, 1950

\triangle Nesticodes rufipes (Lucas, 1846)

Theridion lutipes Cambr. - Cambridge, 1872: 280, found in the Hotel d'Orient at Beirut. Theridion rufipes Lucas, 1846 - Levy & Amitai, 1982: 86, Theridion luteipes Cambridge, 1869. Cambridge, 1872: 280 (as luteipes); adult ♂ and imm. ♀ from Beirut, Lebanon (HECO, B. 597, t. 1).

Genus Rhomphaea L. Koch, 1872

∂♀ *Rhomphaea longicaudata* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Ariamne longicaudata sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 278 (Plate XIV, fig.11a), found in webs of *Epeira opuntiae* (Duf.), on prickly pears, at Beirut.

Argyrodes longicaudata (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Levy, 1985a: 109-111, *Ariamne longicaudata* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 277, pl. 14, fig. 11; ♂ type from Beirut, Lebanon (HECO, B. 562, t. 11a). p.110, Known only by the holotype from Beirut, Lebanon.

? Achaearanea lunata (Clerck, 1757) - Levy & Amitai, 1982: 123, Distribution "... it is expected to be present in Lebanon." Comments The Lebanon and northern Galilee may thus constitute the southernmost range of this species in the Middle East.

Levy & Amitai, 1982: 94, *Theridion simile* Koch, 1836 - *Distribution* ... and probably Lebanon.

Levy, 1998: 17, Crustulina conspicua; 43, Enoplognatha parathoracica; 46, Enoplognatha mediterranea; 58, Steatoda dahli; 165, Achaearanea lunata (= Parasteatoda lunata); 183, Theridion similepossibly in Lebanon.

Family **Thomisidae** Sundevall, 1833

Genus Heriaeus Simon, 1875

A♀ *Heriaeus setiger* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Thomisus setiger sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 308 (Plate XIV, fig.15), found on the ground in barren places near the sea at Beirut.

Heriaeus setiger Cambridge, 1872 - Levy, 1985b: 50, Lebanon.

Heriaeus setiger (O.P. Cambridge, 1872) - Assi, 1986: 43, Ksara.

Genus Monaeses Thorell, 1869

∂♀ *Monaeses israeliensis* Levy, 1973

Monaeses israeliensis Levy, 1973 - Assi, 1986: 43, in the valley of Nahr Ibrahim.

Genus Ozyptila Simon, 1864

∂♀ *Ozyptila tricoloripes* Strand, 1913

Oxyptila pickardi (Levy, 1975) - Assi, 1986: 44, in different stations in Nahr Ibrahim and Ksara.

Genus Runcinia Simon, 1875

∂♀ *Runcinia grammica* (C.L. Koch, 1837)

Runcinia lateralis (C.L. Koch, 1838) - Assi, 1986: 43, Hadath-Beyrouth.

Genus Synema Simon, 1864

3 Synema diana (Audouin, 1825)

Synaema diana (Audouin, 1827) - Assi, 1986: 43, on Poterium spinosum in Ksara.

3 Synema globosum (Fabricius, 1775)

Synaema globosum (Fabricius, 1775) - Assi, 1986: 43, on vegetation in Hadath-Beirut.

\lozenge Synema plorator (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Synaema plorator (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 97, Lebanon.

Genus Thomisus Walckenaer, 1805

∂♀ *Thomisus onustus* Walckenaer, 1805

Thomisus albus - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut.

Thomisus onustus Walckenaer, 1805 - Assi, 1986: 43, on plants in Jounieh and Batroun on the Lebanese coast, in Bhamdoun (1100m) in Mount Lebanon, and in Haouch-Sneid near Baalbek in the Bekaa.

Genus Xysticus C.L. Koch, 1835

3 *Xysticus bliteus* (Simon, 1875)

Xysticus bliteus (Simon, 1875) - Assi, 1986: 44, Common in Poterium spinosum scrub of Ksara.

3 *Xysticus caperatus* Simon, 1875

Xysticus caperatus (Simon, 1875) - Assi, 1986: 44, Rare in Ksara and in different stations of Nahr Ibrahim.

3♀ *Xysticus gymnocephalus* Strand, 1915

Xysticus gymnocephalus Strand, 1915 - Assi, 1986: 44, Common, under and among stones, in the scrubland of Ksara and from the forest of Qaa-er-Rim to Chimsine (Anti-Lebanon).

∂♀ *Xysticus kempeleni* Thorell, 1872

Xysticus kempelini Thorell, 1872 - Assi, 1986: 44, Beirut, Jamhour (400m) and Yahchouch.

\triangle *Xysticus kochi* Thorell, 1872

Xysticus kochi Thorell, 1872 - Assi, 1986: 44, Rare in Ksara and Terbol (Central Bekaa).

∂♀ *Xysticus rectilineus* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Thomisus rectilineus sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 306, found on low-growing plants near the mouth of the Dog River (Nahr el Kelb) near Beirut.

Xysticus rectilineus - Kulczyński, 1911: 31, pl. 1, f. 30, 32-33 ($D^{\wedge Q}$).

Xysticus rectilineus Cambridge, 1872 - Levy, 1985b: 77, Lebanon.

Xysticus rectilineus (O.P. Cambridge, 1872) - Assi, 1986: 44, in the oak grove of Qaa-er-Rim (eastern slope of Mount Lebanon) and degraded scrub of Ksara and Makné (north Bekaa).

∂♀ *Xysticus tristrami* (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Thomisus tristrami sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 305 (Plate XIV, fig.16), the females were found under stones, the males running on the ground and upon plants and shrubs at the Lebanon.

Xysticus tristami (O.P. Cambridge, 1872) - Assi, 1986: 44, a common species in the scrub of Nahr Ibrahim.

$\bigcirc \bigcirc Xysticus xerodermus Strand, 1913$

Xysticus xerodermus Strand, 1913 - Assi, 1986: 44, Ksara and Yahchouch.

Family **Uloboridae** Thorell, 1869

Genus *Uloborus* Latreille, 1806

\circlearrowleft *Uloborus plumipes* Lucas, 1846

Uloborus plumipes Luc. - Cambridge, 1872: 303, Found in geometric snares at Beirut.

Family **Zodariidae** Thorell, 1881

Genus Lachesana Strand, 1932

3 ← Lachesana blackwalli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lachesis blackwalli sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 268 (Plate XIII, fig.5), in a tubular silky web, among the loose broken earth of an old bank near Beirut.

Lachesana blackwalli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Levy, 1990b: 333-334, Lachesis blackwalli O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 266, pl. 13, fig. 5; ♂ holotype from Jerusalem, Israel, ♀ from near Beirut, Lebanon (HECO, B. 485). Distribution. ..., Lebanon.

Lachesana blackwalli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 76, Lebanon.

d Lachesana perversa (Savigny, 1825)

Lachesis perversa Savign. - Cambridge, 1872: 265, under a stone on the Lebanon near Ain-Ata.

Levy, 1990b: 337, *Comments* ... A record of *L. perversa* from Ein Ata, Lebanon mentioned by O.P.-Cambridge (1872: 265) proved to be an immature storenoid, possibly *Pax libani* (HECO, Bot. 485).

Genus *Palaestina* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

∂♀ *Palaestina expolita* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Palaestina expolita sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 270 (Plate XIII, fig.6), on the surface of rocks near Beirut and the Lebanon (Ain-Ata).

Palaestina expolita O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 - Levy, 1992: 69, types ♂♂ and ♀♀ from Palestine (Mount Carmel, Nain) and Lebanon (Beirut, Ain Ata) (HECO, B.439, t.9, 15). Palaestina expolita O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 76, Lebanon.

Genus *Pax* Levy, 1990

Genus *Pax* nov. - Levy, 1990b: 339, *Type-species. Habronestes libani* Simon, 1873, from Lebanon.

$\mathcal{L} \cap \mathbf{Pax}$ islamita (Simon, 1873)

Habronestes islamita sp.nov. - Simon, 1873: 76. Liban, M. Ch. de la Brûlerie.

Storena islamita - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut.

Pax islamita (Simon, 1873) comb. nov. - Levy, 1990b: 358, Habronestes islamita Simon, 1873: 75; 36 from Damascus, Lebanon, Tiberias (leg. Ch. de la Brùlerie, presumably in MNHN; cannot be located). p.359, Distribution. ..., Lebanon (Simon, 1873; Beirut, Simon, 1884: 186; near Ba'albek, Kerville, 1926: 65). Comments. An adult male and a female were collected in May and one male was found in August. Pax islamita like P. libani inhabits typical Mediterranean countryside sites. The two, apparently sympatric species, can even superficially be held apart by their coloration and size. Pax islamita although larger has a proportionally smaller epigynal plate than P. libani.

∂♀ *Pax libani* (Simon, 1873)

Habronestes libani sp.nov. - Simon, 1873: 75, M. Ch. de la Brûlerie à découvert cette espèce dans le Liban.

Pax libani (Simon, 1873) comb. nov. - Levy, 1990b: 343, Habronestes libani Simon, 1873: 73; ♂ & ♀ from Lebanon (leg. Ch. de la Brùlerie, presumably in MNHN; cannot be located).

Genus Zodarion Walckenaer, 1826

3 **Zodarion atriceps** (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Only in Lebanon

Enyo atriceps sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 272, under a stone on the skirts of the Lebanon.

Zodarion atriceps (O. P. Cambridge, 1872) - Levy, 1992: 97-99, "It is known solely by a male and a female taken "from under a stone on the skirts of the Lebanon" (O. P. Cambridge, 1872: 272; HECO, B. 441, t. 5, ♂ & ♀). Z. atriceps from Lebanon, syntypes.

∂♀ **Zodarion graecum** (C.L. Koch, 1843)

Zodarion graecum - Levy, 1992: 97, Presumably in Syria and Lebanon. Zodarion graecum (C.L. Koch, 1843) - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 77, Lebanon.

∂♀ **Zodarion granulatum** Kulczyński, 1908

Zodarion granulatum - Levy, 1992: 92, 93, presumably in Lebanon.

∂♀ **Zodarion lutipes** (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Z. atriceps Kulczyński, 1911: 26, pl. 1, f. 23 (♀, misidentified).

Z. l. Kulczyński, 1911: 26, pl. 1, f. 25-26 (♂).

Zodarion lutipes - Levy, 1992: 92, Lebanon: in the south-east near Ein Arab, 1300 m (234/333).

$\Im 2$ **Zodarion thoni** Nosek, 1905

Zodarium graecum C. Koch, 1843 - Simon, 1884: 186, Beirut (♀, misidentified). Zodarion cyprium Kukzyński, 1908 - Bosmans & Chatzaki, 2005: 76, Lebanon.

Family Zoridae F.O.P.-Cambridge, 1893

Genus Zora C.L. Koch, 1847

Hecaerge maculata sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 258, near Beirut.

Zora maculosa Roewer, 1951: 447, Nomen dubium.

♀ **Zora opiniosa** (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Only in Lebanon

Hecaerge? opiniosa sp.nov. - Cambridge, 1872: 258 (Plate XVI, fig.43), on the Lebanon. Levy, 2003: 12-13. "Hecaerge opiniosa O.P.-Cambridge, 1872: 258. Adult ♀ from Lebanon, cannot be traced in HECO. Judging from the original description, it definitely does not belong in Zoridae or Ctenidae. O.P.-Cambridge himself added a question mark doubting its placement."

Family **Zoropsidae** Bertkau, 1882

Genus Zoropsis Simon, 1878

 \circlearrowleft **Zoropsis lutea** (Thorell, 1875)

Z. l. Kulczyński, 1911: 12, pl. 1, f. 2 (f).

Z. l. asiatica Kulczyński, 1911: 12, pl. 1, f. 1 (Df).

Zoropsis lutea (Thorell, 1875) - Levy, 1990a: 141, Zoropsis lutea asiatica Kulczyński, 1911: 12, pl. 1, fig. 1; ♀ type of subspecies from Beirut, Lebanon (leg. P. Bovier-Lapierre) presumably in Warsaw. Specimens from Beirut (leg. I. Aharoni, March 1925; NMV, Inv. No. 12371). Validity of separate subspecies rejected.

3 **Zoropsis thaleri** Levy, 2007

Zoropsis libanica - Simon, 1884: 190 (Turkey).

Zoropsis libanica - Thaler, van Harten & Knoflach, 2006: 251, Nomen nudum.

Zoropsis thaleri n. sp. - Levy, 2007: 6-7, Distribution. ..., Lebanon.

List of Spiders of Lebanon

^{* =} endemic, only in Lebanon

FAMILY AGELENIDAE C.L. Koch, 1837

Agelena labyrinthica (Clerck, 1757)
Agelescape affinis (Kulczyński, 1911)
Coelotes caudatus de Blauwe, 1973 *
Lycosoides coarctata (Dufour, 1831)
Malthonica maronita (Simon, 1873)
Tegenaria dalmatica Kulczyński, 1906
Tegenaria michae Brignoli, 1978 *

Agelena orientalis C.L. Koch, 1837 Agelescape livida (Simon, 1875) Eratigena atrica (C.L. Koch, 1843) Maimuna bovierlapierrei (Kulczyński, 1911) Malthonica pagana (C.L. Koch, 1840) Tegenaria domestica (Clerck, 1757) Tegenaria parietina (Fourcroy, 1785)

FAMILY ANYPHAENIDAE Bertkau, 1878

Anyphaena syriaca Kulczyński, 1911

FAMILY ARANEIDAE Clerck, 1757

Cyrtophora citricola (Forsskål, 1775)

Hypsosinga albovittata (Westring, 1851)

Leviellus inconveniens (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lipocrea epeiroides (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Mangora acalypha (Walckenaer, 1802)

Neoscona subfusca (C.L. Koch, 1837)

Singa lucina (Savigny, 1825)

FAMILY CITHAERONIDAE Simon, 1893

Cithaeron praedonius O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

FAMILY CORINNIDAE Karsch, 1880

Phrurolithus flavipes O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

FAMILY CYBAEIDAE Banks, 1892

Cedicus flavipes Simon, 1875

FAMILY **DICTYNIDAE** O.P.-Cambridge, 1871

Devade libanica (Denis, 1955) * Dictyna arundinacea (Linnaeus, 1758)

FAMILY **DYSDERIDAE** C.L. Koch, 1837

Dasunia sancticedri Brignoli, 1978 *
Dysdera dentichelis Simon, 1882 *
Dysdera simoni Deeleman-Reinhold, 1988
Dysdera vignai Gasparo, 2003 *
Harpactea rugichelis Denis, 1955 *

Dysdera cristata Deeleman-Reinhold, 1988 Dysdera maronita Gasparo, 2003 * Dysdera spinicrus Simon, 1882 Dysdera westringi O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

FAMILY **FILISTATIDAE** Ausserer, 1867

Filistata hirsuta O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 – Nomen dubium.

FAMILY GNAPHOSIDAE Pocock, 1898

Drassodes lapidosus (Walckenaer, 1802) Gnaphosa dolosa Herman, 1879 Leptodrassex simoni (Dalmas, 1919) Micaria pallipes (Lucas, 1846) Nomisia excerpta (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Pterotricha kochi (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Setaphis carmeli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Zelotes davidi (Simon, 1884) Drassodes unicolor (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Gnaphosa rufula (L. Koch, 1866) Leptopilos tenerrimus (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Nomisia aussereri (L. Koch, 1872) Nomisia ripariensis (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Pterotricha lutata (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Zelotes berytensis (Simon, 1884)

FAMILY IDIOPIDAE Simon, 1889

Idiops syriacus O.P.-Cambridge, 1870

FAMILY **LEPTONETIDAE** Simon, 1890

Cataleptoneta edentula Denis, 1955 *

FAMILY **LINYPHIIDAE** Blackwall, 1859

Agyneta fuscipalpa (C.L. Koch, 1836) Agyneta rurestris (C.L. Koch, 1836)

Caviphantes pseudosaxetorum Wunderlich, 1979

Erigone dentipalpis syriaca O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 Frontinellina frutetorum (C.L. Koch, 1834) Le

Lepthyphantes speculae Denis, 1959 *
Linvphia mimonti Simon, 1884

Styloctetor romanus (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lepthyphantes leprosus (Ohlert, 1865) Lepthyphantes vividus Denis, 1955 * Pelecopsis pavida (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY **LIOCRANIDAE** Simon, 1897

Mesiotelus libanicus (Simon, 1878) *

FAM. LYCOSIDAE Sundevall, 1833

Alopecosa pulverulenta (Clerck, 1757) Aulonia albimana (Walckenaer, 1805) Hogna radiata (Latreille, 1817) Lycosa piochardi Simon, 1876 Pardosa nigra (C.L. Koch, 1834) Arctosa dissonans (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Geolycosa vultuosa (C.L. Koch, 1838) Hyaenosa effera (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Lycosa tarantula (Linnaeus, 1758) Wadicosa fidelis (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY **MIMETIDAE** Simon, 1881

Mimetus monticola (Blackwall, 1870)

FAMILY MITURGIDAE Simon, 1886

Cheiracanthium mildei L. Koch, 1864

Cheiracanthium seidlitzi L. Koch, 1864

FAMILY **OECOBIIDAE** Blackwall, 1862

Oecobius affinis O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 *Oecobius teliger* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Oecobius cambridgei Wunderlich, 1995 *

FAMILY **OONOPIDAE** Simon, 1890

Opopaea punctata (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY **OXYOPIDAE** Thorell, 1870

Oxyopes lineatus Latreille, 1806

Peucetia virescens (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY **PALPIMANIDAE** Thorell, 1870

Palpimanus simoni Kulczyński, 1909

FAMILY **PHILODROMIDAE** Thorell. 1870

Philodromus aureolus (Clerck, 1757) *Philodromus medius* O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 *Thanatus fabricii* (Audouin, 1825) Philodromus glaucinus Simon, 1870 Philodromus pulchellus Lucas, 1846 Thanatus vulgaris Simon, 1870

FAMILY PHOLCIDAE C.L. Koch, 1850

Holocnemus pluchei (Scopoli, 1763) *Pholcus maronita* Brignoli, 1977 *

Hoplopholcus cecconii Kulczyński, 1908

FAMILY **PISAURIDAE** Simon, 1890

Pisaura consocia (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) *Pisaura orientalis* Kulczyński, 1913 Pisaura mirabilis (Clerck, 1757)

FAMILY **PRODIDOMIDAE** Simon, 1884

Prodidomus amaranthinus (Lucas, 1846)

FAMILY **SALTICIDAE** Blackwall, 1841

Aelurillus aeruginosus (Simon, 1871)
Bianor albobimaculatus (Lucas, 1846)
Euophrys semirufa Simon, 1884
Hasarius adansoni (Audouin, 1825)
Heliophanus mordax (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)
Macaroeris nidicolens (Walckenaer, 1802)
Pellenes epularis (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)
Pellenes laevigatus (Simon, 1868)
Philaeus chrysops (Poda, 1761)
Plexippus devorans (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Aelurillus cognatus (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) *
Cyrba algerina (Lucas, 1846)
Habrocestum latifasciatum (Simon, 1868)
Heliophanus edentulus Simon, 1871
Leptorchestes sikorskii Prószyński, 2000
Pellenes arciger (Walckenaer, 1837)
Pellenes geniculatus (Simon, 1868)
Pellenes levaillanti (Lucas, 1846)
Plexippoides flavescens (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY SEGESTRIIDAE Simon, 1893

Ariadna insidiatrix Savigny, 1825 Segestria florentina (Rossi, 1790) Segestria davidi Simon, 1884

FAMILY **SELENOPIDAE** Simon, 1897

Selenops radiatus Latreille, 1819

FAM. **SICARIIDAE** Keyserling, 1880

Loxosceles rufescens (Dufour, 1820)

FAMILY SPARASSIDAE Bertkau, 1872

Eusparassus walckenaeri (Audouin, 1825) Heteropoda variegata (Simon, 1874) Micrommata virescens ornata (Walckenaer, 1802)

FAMILY TETRAGNATHIDAE Menge, 1866

Metellina merianae (Scopoli, 1763)

Metellina segmentata (Clerck, 1757)

Tetragnatha minitabunda O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Tetragnatha nitens (Savigny, 1825)

FAMILY **THERAPHOSIDAE** Thorell, 1869

Chaetopelma olivaceum (C.L. Koch, 1841)

FAMILY **THERIDIIDAE** Sundevall, 1833

Euryopis inscripta (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) originally in *Theridion*) Nomen dubium.

Latrodectus tredecimguttatus (Rossi, 1790) Nesticodes rufipes (Lucas, 1846) Rhomphaea longicaudata (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Rhomphaea longicaudata (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

FAMILY **THOMISIDAE** Sundevall, 1833

Heriaeus setiger (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Ozyptila tricoloripes Strand, 1913 Synema diana (Audouin, 1825) Synema plorator (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Xysticus bliteus (Simon, 1875) Xysticus gymnocephalus Strand, 1915 Xysticus kochi Thorell, 1872 Xysticus tristrami (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Monaeses israeliensis Levy, 1973 Runcinia grammica (C.L. Koch, 1837) Synema globosum (Fabricius, 1775) Thomisus onustus Walckenaer, 1805 Xysticus caperatus Simon, 1875 Xysticus kempeleni Thorell, 1872 Xysticus rectilineus (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Xysticus xerodermus Strand, 1913

FAMILY ULOBORIDAE Thorell, 1869

Uloborus plumipes Lucas, 1846

FAMILY **ZODARIIDAE** Thorell, 1881

Lachesana blackwalli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872 Palaestina expolita O.P.-Cambridge, 1872

Pax libani (Simon, 1873)

Zodarion graecum (C.L. Koch, 1843)

Zodarion lutipes (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872)

Lachesana blackwalli (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) Lachesana perversa (Savigny, 1825)

Pax islamita (Simon, 1873)

 $\textbf{\textit{Zodarion atriceps}} \; (\text{O.P.-Cambridge} \,,\, 1872) \; *$

Zodarion granulatum Kulczyński, 1908

Zodarion thoni Nosek, 1905

FAMILY **ZORIDAE** F. O.P.-Cambridge, 1893

Zora maculosa Roewer, 1951 Nomen dubium. Zora opiniosa (O.P.-Cambridge, 1872) *

FAMILY **ZOR OPSID AE** Bertkau, 1882

Zoropsis lutea (Thorell, 1875)

Zoropsis thaleri Levy, 2007

Family	Genera	Species	Endemic
AGELENIDAE	8	14	2
ANYPHAENIDAE	1	1	-
ARANEIDAE	7	7	-
CITHAERONIDAE	1	1	-
CORINNIDAE	1	1	1
CYBAEIDAE	1	1	-
DICTYNIDAE	2	2	1
DYSDERIDAE	3	9	5
FILISTATIDAE	1	1	-
GNAPHOSIDAE	9	15	1
IDIOPIDAE	1	1	-
LEPTONETIDAE	1	1	1
LINYPHIIDAE	8	11	2
LIOCRANIDAE	1	1	1
LYCOSIDAE	9	10	1
MIMETIDAE	1	1	-
MITURGIDAE	1	2	-
OECOBIIDAE	1	3	1
OONOPIDAE	1	1	-
OXYOPIDAE	2	2	-
PALPIMANIDAE	1	1	-
PHILODROMIDAE	2	6	1
PHOLCIDAE	3	3	1
PISAURIDAE	1	3	1
PRODIDOMIDAE	1	1	1
SALTICIDAE	13	19	2
SEGESTRIIDAE	2	3	1
SELENOPIDAE	1	1	-
SICARIIDAE	1	1	-
SPARASSIDAE	3	3	-
TETRAGNATHIDAE	2	4	-
THERAPHOSIDAE	1	1	-
THERIDIIDAE	5	5	-
THOMISIDAE	7	16	-

ULOBORIDAE	1	1	-
ZODARIIDAE	4	10	1
ZORIDAE	1	1	1
ZOROPSIDAE	1	2	-
Total 38	109	165	22

⁻ Possibly, propably, and expected species are not included above.

Key to spider families recorded from Lebanon *

All Lebanese spiders belong to Opisthothelae [abdomen not segmented; spinnerets are on posterior end of abdomen].

1. Two pairs of booklungs; fangs closing in longitudinal axisMygalomorphae 2 One pair of booklungs or absent; fangs closing in transverse axis Araneomorphae 3
2. Leg tarsi with two clawsTheraphosidae Leg tarsi with three clawsIdiopidae
3. Cribellum and calamistrum present, sometimes absent in males Cribellate spiders 6 Cribellum and calamistrum absent
4. Six eyes
5. Tarsus with two claws
6. Anal tubercle large, two-jointed with fringe of long curved setae
7. Labium fused to sternum; eyes in a compact group on a slight hump; spinnerets advanced, located ventrally instead of terminally; carapace narrowed anteriorly; haplogyne
8. Posterior median eyes enlarged, at least two to four times as large as anterior median eyes; anterior leg pairs very long and slender (three or more times body length)
9. Femora with rows of long trichobothria; metatarsi IV compressed and curved under line of calamistrum; first pair of legs clearly longer than second pair
10. Calamistrum extends over almost entire length of metatarsi IV, which may be slightly curved

11. Eye formula 4.2; chelicerae with numerous teeth
12. Tracheal spiracle single, inconspicuous, positioned just in front of spinnerets Sicariidae Tracheal spiracles distinct, anteriorly positioned, just behind epigastric groove, lungs
may be replaced by pair of tracheae
13. Total body length of adult < 5 mm; female palp clawless; abdomen either with scuta or uniformly soft; endites converging; tarsal claws less well developed, without spatulated claw tufts
14. Two tarsal claws; third pair of legs directed backwards; sternum extended around coxae
15. Anterior pair of legs much stronger than other legs; metatarsi and tibiae I with strong prolateral scopulae
16. Eyes in three rows (4:2:2); anterior median eyes very large; jumping spiders Salticidae - Eyes arranged differently
17. Legs laterigrade, directed towards sides 18 Legs prograde, directed forwards (I, II) and backwards (III, IV) 21
18. Flat spiders with eyes in two rows (6:2) Selenopidae Eyes differently arranged 19
19. Tarsi and metatarsi without scapulae; legs I and II usually much longer than legs III and IV
20. Small to medium-size spiders (3-16 mm); chelicerae without teeth or at most one on retromargin; tarsus-metatarsus allowing movement in one plane only Philodromidae Medium-size to large spiders (6-35 mm); chelicerae with at least two teeth (rarely one) on retromargin; membranous connection to metatarsus permits free movement of tarsus
21. Tracheal spiracle about ½ abdominal length from spinnerets
22. All tarsi clearly curled (in preserved specimens), pseudo-segmented Cithaeronidae Tarsi straight, not pseudo-segmented
23. Posterior median eyes flat, without dome-shaped lens; endites obliquely depressed
Posterior median eyes with dome-shaped lens; endites usually not obliquely depressed
24. Anterior spinnerets displaced forwards; spigots elongated with long plumose setae; eves in circular arrangement or in two rows

Anterior spinnerets terminal; without long setae on spigots; eyes in two rows
25. Eyes in three rows (2:4:2); anterior lateral eyes situated just in front of posterior lateral eyes; anterior legs with numerous ventral pairs of spines
26. Posterior spinnerets clearly two-segmented with distal segment distinctly conical
27. Median spinnerets of female with three, posterior spinnerets with two large cylindrical gland spigots
28. Tarsi with trichobothria, often in a row29 Tarsi without trichobothria34
29. Eyes either in three to four rows or in three groups 30 - Eyes in two rows 32
30. Clypeus very high; posterior eyes and anterior lateral eyes forming a hexagonal group in front of small anterior median eyes; numerous long spines on legs
31. Eyes sessile, not on tubercles; abdomen oval, smoothly rounded posteriorly; male palpal tibiae without retrolateral apophysis; egg cocoon carried attached to spinnerets; anal tubercle with one segment
32. Posterior spinnerets long and two-segmented; trochanters not notched Agelenidae Posterior spinnerets not particularly long or with one segment only; trochanters often notched
33. Anterior lateral spinnerets closely set, with short dome-shaped distal segment; trochanters not notched
34. Eyes in three groups, anterior median eyes apart, remainder in two triads; legs thin and long, tarsi pseudosegmented
35. Anterior tibiae and patellae with prolateral row of alternating long and short curved spines; chelicerae with peg teeth
36. Paracymbium a separate sclerite; tarsi usually cylindrical (anteriors sometimes fusiform); chelicerae often with stridulating file; small spiders (1.5-6 mm) Linyphiidae Paracymbium fused to cymbium or rudimentary; no cheliceral stridulating file; tarsi variable

37. Tarsi IV with ventral comb of serrated hairs; brownish rings around eyes; femora
without spines Theridiidae
Tarsi without ventral comb of serrated hairs; eyes without brownish rings
38. Male palp fairly simple, without median apophysis; conductor wrapping embolus; paracymbium elongate or squat

II. Scorpions of Lebanon

I could find only one Lebanese study of the scorpions of Lebanon by Abdul Jabbar I. Sammak (1963). It was a M.Sc. thesis submitted to the American University of Beirut. The author collected three species of two families: *Buthotus judaicus* and *Compsobuthus acutecarinatus* of Family Buthidae and *Scorpio maurus* of Family Scorpionidae. The thesis included a map of distribution of the two families in Lebanon.

Prof. Max Vachon (1966) recorded five species from Lebanon: *Buthotus judaicus* (Simon, 1872), *Leiurus quinquestriatus* (Hemprich et Ehrenberg, 1829), *Mesobuthus gibbosus* (Brullé, 1832), *Orthochirus innesi* Simon, 1910, and *Scorpio maurus* Linné, 1758.

Levy & Amitai (1980) recorded four species from Lebanon: Buthotus judaicus, Compsobuthus werneri judaicus, Leiurus quinquestriatus hebraeus, and Scorpio maurus fuscus, with the possibility of more one species: Nebo hierichonticus.

In the "Catalogue of the scorpions described from the Arab countries (1758-1990)" El-Hennawy (1992) recorded 12 species (+3 subspecies) of 10 genera of 3 families from Lebanon.

The following list of Lebanese scorpions includes 12 species of 10 genera of 2 families (Buthidae and Scorpionidae).

Order Scorpiones C.L.Koch, 1837

Family Buthidae C.L. Koch, 1837

Genus Androctonus Ehrenberg, 1828

Androctonus amoreuxi levyi Fet, 1997

Androctonus amoreuxi has a wide distribution from Senegal to Egypt and Sudan, to the southern border of Lebanon and to Afghanistan in the east (Levy & Amitai, 1980: 42). Androctonus amoreuxi hebraeus (Werner, 1935); Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 107 Lebanon.

Androctonus amoreuxi levyi Fet, 1997; Fet & Lowe, 2000: 67 Lebanon.

Androctonus bicolor bicolor Ehrenberg, 1828

Androctonus bicolor Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829; Levy & Amitai, 1980*: 29, Map 2 A. bicolor is recorded near the borders between Israel and Lebanon; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 108 Lebanon.

Androctonus bicolor bicolor Ehrenberg, 1828; Fet & Lowe, 2000: 70, 71 ?Lebanon.

*Levy & Amitai, 1980: 31, "A young specimen of *A. bicolor* was collected by Hemprich & Ehrenberg (1829) in Beirut, Lebanon. This northernmost record was doubted by later authors. The

^{*} Modified from Jocqué & Dippenaar-Schoeman (2006).

species is, in fact, mainly found in southern Israel, but it ranges north along the Mediterranean coast as far as the northern border with Lebanon".

Androctonus crassicauda (Olivier, 1807)

Androctonus crassicauda (Olivier, 1807); Levy & Amitai, 1980: 29, Map 2 A. c. crassicauda is recorded near the borders between Israel and Lebanon; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 110 Lebanon.

Genus Buthacus Birula, 1908

Buthacus leptochelys leptochelys (Ehrenberg, 1829)

Buthacus leptochelys (Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829); Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 113 Lebanon.

Buthacus leptochelys (Ehrenberg, 1829); Fet & Lowe, 2000: 84 Lebanon.

Genus *Buthus* Leach, 1815

Buthus occitanus (Amoreux, 1789)

Buthus occitanus (Amoreux, 1789); Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 120; Fet & Lowe, 2000: 94 Lebanon.

Genus Compsobuthus Vachon, 1949

Compsobuthus werneri schmiedeknechti (VACHON, 1949)

Compsobuthus acutecarinatus; Sammak, 1963 Lebanon.

Compsobuthus werneri (Birula, 1908); Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 124 Lebanon; Fet & Lowe, 2000*: 128, 129 Lebanon with very important notes in p.129.

- *1. Buthus acutecarinatus judaicus Birula, 1905 is a senior synonym of Buthus acutecarinatus werneri Birula, 1908. However, the former name is also a junior primary homonym of Buthus judaicus Simon, 1872 (= Hottentotta judaicus) (Article 53 of the Code). Therefore, the name Buthus acutecarinatus judaicus Birula, 1905 is permanently invalid (Article 52B) and has to be replaced by the next available junior synonym which is Buthus acutecarinatus werneri Birula, 1908. Correspondingly, the subspecies inhabiting Israel, Jordan, and Lebanon should be called Compsobuthus werneri schmiedeknechti (Vachon, 1949) (Fet., 1997b: 246).
- 2. The type locality of Birula's specimens of *Buthus acutecarinatus judaicus* was not published; Levy & Amitai (1980: 67) give it as Jerusalem which is incorrect. Original syntype labels in ZISP refer to Jordan and Lebanon.
- 3. K. Kraepelin Labeled Specimens from Nazareth in MNHN as *Buthus schmiedeknechti* but never published this name (Vachon, 1949a: 98; Levy & Amitai, 1980: 62). It was published, however, as *Compsobuthus schmiedeknechti* with a very brief (Two-Line) diagnosis by Vachon (1949a), and repeated in Vachon (1952d).

Compsobuthus werneri judaicus (Birula, 1905); Vachon, 1966: 211 Lebanon; (=schmiedeknechti Vachon, 1949) Levy et al., 1973: 114 Lebanon; Levy & Amitai, 1980: 60 Compsobuthus werneri judaicus (Birula, 1905) (= C. schmiedeknechti Vachon, 1949) Central and northern Israel, Lebanon, 68 Lebanon: The Muséum National, Paris, has a female from Ba'albek - leg. Kerville, 1911, wrongly identified by Simon as B. gibbosus; El-Hennawy, 1992: 124 Lebanon.

Compsobuthus werneri schmiedeknechti Vachon, 1949; Fet & Lowe, 2000: 129, 130 Lebanon [Buthus acutecarinatus judaicus Birula, 1905. Syntypes: (among them) 4 specimens (ZISP 648), near Beirut, Lebanon.]

Genus Hottentotta Birula, 1908

Hottentotta judaicus (Simon, 1872)

Buthus judaicus Simon, 1872; Simon, 1884: 191 Beirout, Lebanon.

Buthotus judaicus (Simon, 1872); Sammak, 1963; Vachon, 1966: 210; Levy & Amitai, 1980: 59, Lebanon: Beirut; new record from the Muséum National, Paris (Dahr el Ain); the British Museum has specimens from Amiyun and the Hebrew University has specimens from Sin-el-fil and Kariye; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 116 Lebanon. Levy & Amitai, 1980: 54 Beirut; Dahr el Ain; Amiyun; Sin-el-fil; Kariye, Lebanon.

Hottentotta judaicus (Simon, 1872); Fet & Lowe, 2000: 140, 141 Lebanon.

Genus Leiurus Ehrenberg, 1828

Leiurus quinquestriatus hebraeus (Birula, 1908)

Leiurus quinquestriatus (Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829); Vachon, 1966: 211; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 126 Lebanon.

Leiurus quinquestriatus hebraeus (Birula, 1908); Levy & Amitai, 1980: 51, Lebanon: the Muséum National, Paris, houses a specimen from El Kah, in the north; El-Hennawy, 1992: 126 Lebanon; Fet & Lowe, 2000: 156, 157 Lebanon.

Genus Mesobuthus Vachon, 1950

Mesobuthus nigrocinctus (Ehrenberg, 1828)

Buthus nigrocinctus Hemp. et Ehr.; Simon, 1884: 191 1 juvenile from Beirout, Lebanon. *Mesobuthus gibbosus* (Brullé, 1832); Vachon, 1966: 213; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 128; Fet & Lowe, 2000*: 176, 177 Lebanon.

* Androctonus (Prionurus) nigrocinctus Ehrenberg in Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1828. Holotype: juv. (ZMB 139; damaged), mountains near coast at Beirut, Lebanon.] with important note on nomenclature in p.177.

Mesobuthus nigrocinctus (Ehrenberg, 1828); Fet *et al.*, 2001: 293. [Material Examined. Lebanon: "mountains near Beirut", 1824, F.W. Hemprich and C.G. Ehrenberg (holotype, 1 juv., ZMB 139). Distribtion. Known only from the Anti-Lebanon range in Lebanon and Israel.

Genus Orthochirus Karsch, 1891

Orthochirus scrobiculosus (Grube, 1873)

Orthochirus innesi Simon, 1910; Vachon, 1966: 213; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 129 Lebanon.

Orthochirus scrobiculosus (Grube, 1873); Fet & Lowe, 2000: 196, 197 Lebanon.

Family **Scorpionidae** Latreille, 1802

Genus Nebo Simon, 1878

Nebo hierichonticus (Simon, 1872)

Nebo hierichonticus (Simon, 1872); Levy & Amitai, 1980: 122 Map 9, *N. hierichonticus* is recorded near the borders between Israel and Lebanon; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 134; Sissom & Fet, 2000: 353 Lebanon [Family Diplocentridae Karsch, 1880].

Genus Scorpio Linnaeus, 1758

Scorpio maurus fuscus (Ehrenberg, 1829)

Scorpio maurus Linné, 1758; Sammak, 1963; Vachon, 1966: 215; El-Hennawy, 1992: 139 Lebanon.

Scorpio maurus berytensis (Simon, 1884) (= Heterometrus maurus var. berytensis Simon, 1884: 191-192; near Beirout and at Nahr-el-Kelb, Lebanon.); Birula, 1910: 139 Heterometrus maurus berytensis E. Simon — "aux environs de Beïrut et aux Nahr-el-Kelb"; El-Hennawy, 1992: 139 Lebanon.

Scorpio maurus fuscus (Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829) (= Buthus (Heterometrus) palmatus fuscus Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829: 116: Beirut, Lebanon.); Birula, 1910: 139 Buthus (Heterometrus) palmatus fuscus Hemprich et Ehrenberg — "in Syriae littore ad montis Libani radicem prope Berytum"; Birula, 1910: 176, 177 Scorpio maurus fuscus (Hemprich und Ehrenberg) (Libanon - 9.IV.1904 und Ain Zahalte - 19.IV.1904) from the collection of Prof. J. Sahlberg. Beiruth und Nahr-el-Kelb (E. Simon, 1884, sub var. berytensis, leg. Ab. David); Levy & Amitai, 1980**: 114 Lebanon: 'En Zahalte, Beirut, Nahr-el-Kalb.; Kinzelbach, 1985; El-Hennawy, 1992: 139, 140 Lebanon.

Scorpio maurus fuscus (Ehrenberg, 1829); Fet, 2000*: 476, 477 Lebanon.

*Buthus (Heterometrus) palmatus fuscus Ehrenberg in Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829: 352. Types lost; mountains near Beirut, Lebanon.

SYNONYMS

Heterometrus palmatus var. minor Simon, 1872a: 258 (synonymized by Pocock, 1900a: 363). SYNTYPES: (sex unknown), (MNHN), Lebanon.

Heterometrus maurus var. berytensis Simon, 1884b: 192 (synonymized by Birula, 1910: 176). SYNTYPES: ∂♀ (MNHN), Beirut, Nahr el-Kalb, Lebanon.]

**Levy & Amitai, 1980: 104, 112

Buthus (Heterometrus) palmatus fuscus Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829: 116 (= Scorpio maurus fuscus) Type Locality: Beirut, Lebanon.

Heterometrus palmatus var. *minor* Simon, 1872, 2: 258 (= *Scorpio maurus fuscus*) Type Locality: Lebanon.

Heterometrus maurus var. berytensis Simon, 1884, (6) 4: 192 (= Scorpio maurus fuscus) Type Locality: Beirut, Nahr el-Kalb, Lebanon; type in the Muséum National, Paris.

List of Lebanese Scorpions

Family **Buthidae** C.L. Koch, 1837

Androctonus amoreuxi levyi Fet, 1997

Androctonus bicolor bicolor Ehrenberg, 1828

Androctonus crassicauda (Olivier, 1807)

Buthacus leptochelys leptochelys (Ehrenberg, 1829)

Buthus occitanus (Amoreux, 1789)

Compsobuthus werneri schmiedeknechti (VACHON, 1949)

Hottentotta judaicus (Simon, 1872)

Leiurus quinquestriatus hebraeus (Birula, 1908)

Mesobuthus nigrocinctus (Ehrenberg, 1828)

Orthochirus scrobiculosus (Grube, 1873)

Family **Scorpionidae** Latreille, 1802

Nebo hierichonticus (Simon, 1872)

Scorpio maurus fuscus (Ehrenberg, 1829)

2 Families, 10 Genera, 12 Species

Key to Species *

3. Carapace, in lateral view, with a distinct downward slope from median eyes to anterior margin; Small scorpions (usually less than 30 mm long); Metasomal segment V punctuate
Carapace, in lateral view, with entire dorsal surface horizontal, or nearly so (possibly with slight anterior downward slope); Size variable
4. Mesosomal tergites I and II with five distinct carinae
5. Carapace smooth, lacking distinct carinae
6. 4 granules on pedipalp-chela movable finger, just proximal to terminal denticle 7 3 granules on pedipalp-chela movable finger, just proximal to terminal denticle 9
7. Central lateral and posterior lateral carapacial carinae joined, forming a continuous linear series of granules to posterior margin <i>Compsobuthus werneri schmiedeknechti</i> Central lateral and posterior lateral carapacial carinae not joined as above, usually separated by a small gap, with central lateral carinae continuing distally beyond origin of posterior laterals
8. Ventrolateral carinae of metasomal segment V with posterior granules enlarged, often lobate; Central, lateral, and posterior median carapacial carinae joined, forming a lyreshaped configuration
9. Central, lateral, and posterior median carapacial carinae joined, forming a lyre-shaped configuration; Metasoma with all segments more or less equal in width and depth; Metasomal segment IV with weakly developed dorsolateral carinae <i>Buthus occitanus</i> Central, lateral, and posterior median carapacial carinae not joined as above; Metasomal segments robust, increasing in width and depth posteriorly; Metasomal segment IV with well-developed granulate dorsolateral carinae <i>Androctonus</i> 10
10. Third segment of metasoma longer than wide
11. Hands of pedipalps broad and stout
* Modified from Sissom (1990), El-Hennawy (1992) and Levy & Amitai (1980).

III. Pseudoscorpions of Lebanon * Order Pseudoscorpiones de Geer, 1778

Suborder **Iocheirata** Superfamily **Cheliferoidea** Family **Cheliferidae** Risso, 1826 Subfamily **Cheliferinae** Genus *Dactylochelifer* Beier, 1932

Dactylochelifer kussariensis (Daday, 1889)

Dactylochelifer kussariensis; Beier, 1955: 219, 3♂♂, 2 km south of Hermel, Syria, under stones, 7.3.1952. (Hermel in Lebanon)

Dactylochelifer syriacus Beier, 1955 Only from Lebanon and Syria, N. of Himata (Type Locality).

Dactylochelifer syriacus nov.spec. Beier, 1955: 219, Paratype: 1♂ tritonymph, Lebanon, cedar forest, 1900 m, 2.5.1953.

Genus *Hysterochelifer* Chamberlin, 1932

Hysterochelifer cyprius (Beier, 1929)

Family Chernetidae Menge, 1855

Subfamily Lamprochernetinae

Genus *Pselaphochernes* Beier, 1932

Pselaphochernes scorpioides (Hermann, 1804)

Pselaphochernes scorpioides; Beier, 1955: 216, 1, Wadi Jahhuam, NW Tripoli-Prov., 30.-31.7.1952; 1, 1 deutonymph, Hammanha, Lebanon, 1900 m, under stones and wood.

Superfamily Garypoidea

Family Garypinidae Daday, 1888

Genus Garypinus Daday, 1888

Garypinus asper Beier, 1955 Lebanon, Ouadi el Fouar [33°59'N, 35°35'E] (as Anteljas-Fluss), *Mont-Liban* (Type Locality).

Garypinus asper nov.spec. Beier, 1955: 215-216, Types: 1♂, 1♀, Syria, Antelias River, under stones, 11.9.1952 (American Museum Beirut [American University Beirut] and Vienna Museum [NHMW]).

Family Olpiidae Banks, 1895

Subfamily Olpiinae

Genus Calocheiridius Beier & Turk, 1952

Calocheiridius libanoticus Beier, 1955 Lebanon, Vi Baht Atahe (Type Locality).

Calocheiridius libanoticus nov.spec. Beier, 1955: 213-215, Types: 1♂, 1♀, Vi Baht Atahe, Lebanon, under stone, 7.-10.4.1953 (American Museum Beirut and Vienna Museum). Paratype: 1 tritonymph, Min Zahle, cedar forest, 1700-1800 m, 15.-17.7.1952 (American Museum Beirut).

Superfamily Neobisioidea

Family Neobisiidae Chamberlin, 1930

Subfamily Neobisiinae

Genus Neobisium Chamberlin, 1930

Neobisium (Neobisium) validum (L. Koch, 1873)

Neobisium (N.) validum; Beier, 1955: 212, $1 \circlearrowleft$, $1 \circlearrowleft$, 1 protonymphe, Chamlane, oaks and pines; $1 \circlearrowleft$, 10 deuto- and tritonymphs, Antelias, river bed, under stones, 11.9.1952.

Family Syarinidae Chamberlin, 1930

Subfamily Chitrellinae

Genus Microcreagrina Beier, 1961

Microcreagrina hispanica (Ellingsen, 1910)

Suborder Epiocheirata

Superfamily Chthonioidea

Family Chthoniidae Daday, 1888

Genus Chthonius C.L. Koch, 1843

Chthonius (Chthonius) jonicus Beier, 1931

Chthonius (Neochthonius) jonicus; Beier, 1955: 212, 1♀, Lebanon, from a tree hollow, 1.2.1953; probably belong to this species: 1 protonymph, Lebanon, Dimane, Bet Hasroun-Hadeth, 6.8.1953, and 1 protonymph, Wadi Jahhuam, NW Tripoli-Prov., 30.-31.7.1952.

Chthonius (Ephippiochthonius) tetrachelatus (Preyssler, 1790)

Chthonius (Ephippiochthonius) tetrachelatus; Beier, 1955: 212, 1♂, 1 tritonymphe, Wadi Jahhuam, NW Tripoli-Prov., 30.-31.7.1952; 2♂♂, Lebanon, from a tree hollow, 1.2.1953; 1♂, Ain Zahlta, cedar forest, 23.11.1952; 1 tritonymphe, Antelias, riverbed, under stones, 11.9.1952; 4 tritonymphs, Beit-Ed-Dina, pine grove, 28.11.1953.

List of Lebanese Pseudosscorpions Order Pseudoscorpiones

Suborder Iocheirata

Superfamily Cheliferoidea

Family Cheliferidae Risso, 1826

Dactylochelifer kussariensis (Daday, 1889)

Dactylochelifer syriacus Beier, 1955

Hysterochelifer cyprius (Beier, 1929)

Family Chernetidae Menge, 1855

Pselaphochernes scorpioides (Hermann, 1804)

Superfamily Garypoidea

Family Garypinidae Daday, 1888

Garypinus asper Beier, 1955

Family Olpiidae Banks, 1895

Calocheiridius libanoticus Beier, 1955

Superfamily Neobisioidea

Family Neobisiidae Chamberlin, 1930

Neobisium (Neobisium) validum (L. Koch, 1873)

Family **Svarinidae** Chamberlin, 1930

Microcreagrina hispanica (Ellingsen, 1910)

Suborder Epiocheirata

Superfamily Chthonioidea

Family Chthoniidae Daday, 1888

Chthonius (Chthonius) jonicus Beier, 1931

Chthonius (Ephippiochthonius) tetrachelatus (Preyssler, 1790)

7 Families, 8 Genera, 10 species

^{*} This list of Lebanese pseudosscorpions is extracted from Harvey (2011) in addition to Beier (1955).

Key to Superfamilies and Families *

1. Tarsi of legs 1 and 2 consist of one segment each while tarsi of legs 3 and 4 consist of two segments each (i.e. Heterotarsate); Chelicerae large, sometimes 2/3 the carapace length; Eyes usually 4 or absent) Superfamily Chthonioidea, Family Chthoniidae -. Tarsi of legs 1-4 consist of one segment each; Chelicerae small, not more than 1/3 the --. Tarsi of legs 1-4 consist of two segments each; Chelicerae moderately large, about 1/2 2. Venom apparatus developed only in the movable finger, vestigial or absent in the fixed finger; Fingers of palpal chela usually have accessory teeth, located externally and -. Venom apparatus well developed in both fingers of the palpal chela; Fingers of palpal 3. Carapace usually rectangular or square; Chelicerae about 1/2 the carapace length; Eyes often 4, but may be 2 or absent; Abdominal tergites and sternites undivided Superfamily **Neobisioidea** 4 -. Carapace may be rectangular, or more or less triangular; Chelicerae shorter than 1/2 the carapace length; Eyes usually 4; Abdominal tergites and sternites may be divided or undivided Superfamily Garypoidea ... 5 4. Carapace rectangular or square, and often bears an epistome on the anterior margin; Abdomen pleural membranes distinctly granulated; Leg 4 line of articulation between the basifemur and telofemur is perpendicular to the long axis of the femur -. Carapace rectangular; Abdomen pleural membranes may be granulated, but usually are smoothly and longitudinally striated; Leg 4 line of articulation between the basifemur and telofemur is at least slightly oblique to the long axis of the femur Family Syarinidae 5. Carapace mostly rectangular; Body surfaces usually smooth; Setae of the body and appendages usually long and acuminated; Abdomen usually long and oval, pleural membranes usually smoothly, longitudinally striated, tergites and sternites either divided -. Carapace distinctly triangular; Body surfaces usually granulated; Setae of the body and appendages often toothed, but small and inconspicuous; Abdomen broad, pleural membranes granulated or rugose, and often bear small setae, tergites and sternites divided; Legs femora 3 and 4 moderately slender Family **Garypinidae**

* Modified from El-Hennawy (1988).

IV. Harvestmen of Lebanon

The study of harvestmen of Lebanon began with the description of a female specimen, collected by Charles de la Brûlerie, as a new species named *Dasylobus eremita* by Eugène Simon (1878b). The same author described *Phalangium hebraïcum* [now *Zacheus hebraïcus*] as another new species from Beïrout and Antoura (Simon, 1884).

Sørensen (1911) described three new species from Lebanon collected by Henri Gadeau de Kerville: *Phalangium coxipunctum* from Broumana, Beit-Méri, and Baalbek, *Phalangium conigerum* from Doummar, Anti-Lebanon, and *Leiobunum albigenum* from Beit-Méri. The first species was transferred to genus *Opilio* by Roewer (1923).

Staręga (1973) described a new species collected from Beirut by P. Bovier-Lapierre and named it *Graecophalangium punicum*. Also, he identified specimens collected from different localities in Lebanon and recorded: "Nemastoma" haasi (Roewer, 1953) [now Mediostoma haasi due to Snegovaya (2008)], Phalangium savignyi, Metaphalangium propinquum [now M. cirtanum due to Staręga (1984)], Zacheus hebraicus, Opilio coxipunctus, Leiobunum seriatum (a species described by Simon (1878b) from Asia Minor: Latakieh [now Syria].

The following list of Lebanese harvestmen follows Kury (2002 onwards) and its references mainly depend on Kury (2010). It includes 10 species of 8 genera that belong to 3 families.

Order Opiliones Sundevall, 1833

Dyspnoi Hansen & Sørensen, 1904 Superfamily **Troguloidea** Sundevall, 1833

Family **Nemastomatidae** Simon, 1872

Subfamily **Nemastomatinae** Simon, 1872

Genus Mediostoma Kratochvíl & Miller, 1958

Mediostoma haasi (Roewer, 1953)

"Nemastoma" haasi (Roewer, 1953). Staręga (1973: 132) Lebanon: Beirut, park in the American University, vegetated lime gravels, 12.V.1961, leg. A. Riedel - 1 (IZPAN). *Mitostoma haasi* Roewer, 1953: 209–210, figs. 6a–c. Snegovaya (2008: 272).

"Nemastoma" haasi: Staręga, 1973: 132–133, figs. 7–9. Snegovaya (2008: 272). Lebanon (Roewer, 1953; Staręga, 1973).

Eupnoi Hansen & Sørensen, 1904

Superfamily **Phalangioidea** Latreille, 1802

Family **Phalangiidae** Latreille, 1802

Subfamily Opilioninae C.L.Koch, 1839

Genus *Opilio* Herbst, 1798

Opilio coxipunctus (Sørensen, 1911)

Phalangium coxipunctum Sørensen (1911: 211-213). 2♂ 2♀ New species from Broumana, Beit-Méri, and Baalbek, Lebanon.

Opilio coxipunctus (Soerensen, 1912). Roewer (1923: 772) Syrien: Libanon (Beit-Meri, Broumana, Baalbek) -23, 22.

Opilio coxipunctus (Soerensen, 1912). Staręga (1967: 59). Lebanon (terra typica)

Opilio coxipunctus (Sørensen, 1912). Staręga (1973: 142). Lebanon: Beirut, park in the American University, vegetated lime gravels, 12.V.1961, leg. A. Riedel - 1 \circlearrowleft , 2 \circlearrowleft , 1 juv. (IZPAN); Tal Nahr el Kelb at Beirut, among limestones, II.V.1961, leg. A. Riedel - 1 juv. (IZPAN); Tripoli (Tarābulus esh Shām), vegetated limestones, 15.V.1961, leg. A. Riedel - 1 \circlearrowleft , 4 \circlearrowleft (IZPAN).

Opilio coxipunctus (Sørensen, 1912). Snegovaya (2008: 277). Lebanon (Staręga, 1973).

Subfamily **Phalangiinae** Latreille, 1802

Genus Dasylobus Simon, 1878

Dasylobus eremita Simon, 1878

Dasylobus eremita Simon (1878b: CCXX). New species from Lebanon (Ch. de la Brûlerie) ♀ only.

Dasylobus eremita Simon, 1878. Simon (1884: 192) Akbès. [nord d'Antioche] Cette espèce avait été découverte dans le Liban par feu Charles de la Brûlerie.

Genus *Graecophalangium* Roewer, 1923

Graecophalangium punicum Starega, 1973

Graecophalangium punicum Staręga (1973: 140-141). New species from Lebanon: Beirut, 1910, leg. P. Bovier-Lapierre (coll. W. Kulczyński) − 1 ♂ (Holotypus) (IZPAN).

Genus Metaphalangium Roewer, 1911

Metaphalangium cirtanum (C.L. Koch, 1839)

Opilio Cirtanus C.L. Koch, 1839: 35 – D. Starega (1984: 39).

Phalangium propinquum (Lucas, 1846): 286-287 - D, t. 20, f. 4-4c. Staręga (1984: 39, syn. n.).

Metaphalangium propinquum Staręga (1973: 138). Lebanon: Beirut, 1910, leg. P. Bovier-Lapierre - 2 ♂♂, 1 ♀, 2 juv. (IZPAN).

Metaphaclangium cirtanum (C.L. Koch, 1839). Starega (1984: 39) Lebanon.

Genus *Phalangium* Linnaeus, 1758

Phalangium conigerum Sørensen, 1911

Phalangium conigerum Sørensen (1911: 213-214). One specimen. New species from Doummar, Anti-Lebanon.

Phalangium conigerum Soerensen, 1912. Roewer (1923: 746) Anti-Lebanon - 1♀.

Phalangium savignyi Audouin, 1825

Phalangium savignyi Staręga (1973: 133-134). Lebanon: Beirut, 1910, leg. P. Bovier-Lapierre - 2 ♂♂, 2 ♀♀, 10 juv. (IZPAN).

Phalangium savignyi Audouin, 1827. Starega (1984: 54). Lebanon.

Phalangium savignyi Audouin, 1826. Snegovaya (2008: 273). Lebanon (Starega, 1973).

Genus Zachaeus C.L.Koch, 1839

Zacheus hebraicus (Simon, 1884)

Phalangium hebraïcum Simon (1884: 194-196). New species. Beïrout et Antoura.

Family Sclerosomatidae Simon, 1879

Subfamily Leiobuninae Banks, 1893

Genus Leiobunum C.L.Koch, 1839

Leiobunum albigenum Sørensen, 1911

Liobunum albigenum Sørensen (1911: 217-219). 2♀ and juveniles. New species from Beit-Méri, Lebanon (new species).

Leiobunum albigenum Soerensen, 1912. Starega (1967: 62). Lebanon.

Leiobunum seriatum Simon, 1878

Leiobunum seriatum Simon (1878b: CCXVII). New species from Asia Minor:

Latakieh [now Syria].

Leiobunum seriatum Staręga (1973: 150). Lebanon: Tripoli (Tarābulus esh Shām), vegetated limestones, 15.V.1961, leg. A. Riedel - 1 subad. ♀ (IZPAN).

List of Lebanese Harvestmen

Dyspnoi Hansen & Sørensen, 1904

Superfamily **Troguloidea** Sundevall, 1833

Family Nemastomatidae Simon, 1872

Subfamily Nemastomatinae Simon, 1872

Mediostoma haasi (Roewer, 1953)

Eupnoi Hansen & Sørensen, 1904

Superfamily **Phalangioidea** Latreille, 1802

Family **Phalangiidae** Latreille, 1802

Subfamily Opilioninae C.L.Koch, 1839

Opilio coxipunctus (Sørensen, 1911)

Subfamily **Phalangiinae** Latreille, 1802

Dasylobus eremita Simon, 1878

Graecophalangium punicum Staręga, 1973

Metaphalangium cirtanum (C.L. Koch, 1839)

Phalangium conigerum Sørensen, 1911

Phalangium savignyi Audouin, 1825

Zacheus hebraicus (Simon, 1884)

Family Sclerosomatidae Simon, 1879

Subfamily **Leiobuninae** Banks, 1893

Leiobunum albigenum Sørensen, 1911

Leiobunum seriatum Simon, 1878

3 Families, 8 Genera, 10 Species

V. Sun-Spiders of Lebanon Order Solifugae Sundevall, 1833

Family Galeodidae Sundevall, 1833

Genus Galeodes Olivier, 1791

Galeodes arabs C.L.Koch, 1842

Galeodes arabs syriacus Kraepelin, 1899: 203; Kraepelin, 1901: 22 (as Galeodes arabs var. syriaca [sic]- Syria (Beirut) only ♀); Werner, 1902: 607 (as Galeodes arabs syriaca [sic]); Roewer, 1934: 532; Moritz and Fischer, 1980: 148; Harvey, 2003: 257.

Type localities: Beirut, Jabal Lubnan, Lebanon; Yafo (as Jaffa), Palestine.

Distribution: Palestine, Lebanon, Syria.

Galeodes distinctus (Roewer, 1934)

Galeodora distincta Roewer, 1934: 513; Zilch, 1946: 149; El-Hennawy, 1999: 90.

Galeodes distinctus (Roewer): Harvey, 2002: 452; Harvey, 2003: 262.

Type locality: Beirut, Jabal Lubnan, Lebanon.

Distribution: Lebanon.

- The record of a juvenile *Galeodes araneoides* Pallas, 1772 by Simon (1884): 181 from Beirout, Lebanon may belong to one of the two preceding species.

1 Family, 1 Genus, 2 Species

VI. Micro Whip-Scorpions of Lebanon Order Palpigradi Thorell, 1888

Family Eukoeneniidae Petrunkevitch, 1955

Genus *Eukoenenia* Börner, 1901

Eukoenenia juberthiei Condé, 1974

Type locality: Grotte Šakkž, Chekka, *Liban-Nord*, Lebanon.

Distribution: Lebanon, Greece (Condé (1979) described two subspecies, *E. j. cytheriaca* from Grotte Spilia tou Panos, Keratea and *E. j. hellenica* from Grotte Aghia Sophia, near Mylopotamos, Attikí, Kíthira, Greece).

Eukoenenia juberthiei Condé, 1974: 57–62, figs 1a-b, 2a-b, 3a-b, 4a-b; Rowland and Sissom, 1980: 80; Condé, 1984: 136; Harvey, 2003: 155.

Eukoenenia juberthiei juberthiei Condé, 1974

Distribution: Lebanon.

Condé, 1974: 57, 58: "L'exemplaire étudié ici fut découvert en 1964 par ALOUF, jeune chercheur libanais au Laboratoire souterrain du Centre national de la Recherche scientifique, à Moulis, et m'a été soumis par l'intermédiaire de Ch. JUBERTHIE à qui cette nouvelle espèce est dédiée.

Eukoenenia juberthiei n. sp.

MÂLE ADULTE. Type dans les collections du Laboratoire de Zoologie approfondie de l'Université Nancy I, monté sur deux lames dans le milieu II de Marc-André.

LIBAN. Grotte Šakkž [= grotte du Râs (ou Cap) Chekka, *Biospeologica*, LXXV, p. 363, H. COIFFAIT], petite cavité au bord de la mer au pied d'une falaise, entre Tripoli et Batroum, parcourue par un ruisseau formant des gours bien concrétionnés. Le spécimen qui flottait probablement sur l'eau d'un gour a été recueilli au cours d'une pêche à l'aide d'un filet à plancton."

Eukoenenia mirabilis (Grassi and Calandruccio, 1885)

Koenenia mirabilis Grassi and Calandruccio, 1885

Type locality: Catania, Sicily, Italy.

Distribution: Algeria, Australia (South Australia), Chile, Egypt, France (mainland and Corsica), Greece (mainland and Crete), Israel, Italy (mainland and Sardinia, Sicily), Madagascar, Majorca, Malta, Morocco, Portugal (mainland and Madeira), Romania, Spain (Islas Canarias), Tunisia (Harvey, 2003: 157).

Eukoenenia mirabilis Rémy, 1948: 254; Condé, 1974: 57: a small valley 11 km southwest of Beirut.

Condé (1974: 57) said in his paper on a new palpigradid found in a cave of Lebanon: "Les Palpigrades ne sont connus au Liban que par deux femelles adultes de *Eukoenenia mirabilis* Grassi que j'ai déterminées parmi des échantillons de faune endogée récoltés aux environs de Beyrouth par J. CORSET (REMY, 1948)." In his paper on the palpigradids of Egypt (Condé, 1951: 211), he reported Lebanon in the distribution of *Koenenia mirabilis*.

Rémy (1948: 254) said, about the distribution of *Koenenia mirabilis* Grassi in the Mediterranean region, "L'espèce vit également au Liban : Condé vient d'en déterminer 2° adultes, récoltées en mars 1946 par le P. Jean Corset dans un vallon situé à 11 km. au sud-ouest de Beyrouth."

1 Family, 1 Genus, 2 Species

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